THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.] ATLANTA, GEORGIA, SUNDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1872. [VOLUME V---NUMBER 97

Evening Edition.

Price Five Cents

National Democratic Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT:

HORACE GREELEY,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:

B. GRATZ BROWN,

OF MISSOURI.

[ELECTION NOVEMBER 5]

FOR CONGRESS:

LUTHER J. GLENN,

OF FULTON COUNTY.

[ELECTION NOVEMBER 5]

Fulton Democratic Ticket.

FOR ORDINARY:
DANIEL PITTMAN.

FOR SHERIFF:
A. M. PERKERSON.

FOR CLERK SUPERIOR COURT:
W. R. VENABLE.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER:
C. M. PAYNE.

FOR TAX RECEIVER:
A. G. GRIER.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR:
S. R. HOYLE.

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR:
B. F. WALKER.

FOR CORONER:
WILLIAM KILE.

[ELECTION JANUARY 1]

SATURDAY AFTERNOON, OCT. 5, 1872.

☞ *See Interesting Reading on Fourth Page*

City and Suburban.

Personal.

Hon. Elijah Morris, Representative elect from Henry county, was in the city on yesterday.

IN THE notice of the "Jollification meeting" this morning, the words "of the Atlanta Herald" should have appeared after the name of "Joseph H. Smith, Reporter." Mr. Smith reported the speech of Governor Smith for the Herald. We made some additions to the Herald report.

Public Speaking in the 9th District

I will address the people of the 9th Congressional District as follows:

At Lawrenceville, Thursday, October 10th.
At Madison, Saturday, October 12th.
At Athens, Monday (night) October 14th.
At Jefferson, Wednesday, October 16th.
At Danielsville, Thursday, October 17th.
At Carnesville, Friday, October 18th.
At Homer, Saturday, October 19th.
At Dawsonville, Monday, October 21st.
At Jasper, Tuesday, October 22d.
At Ellijay, Wednesday, October 23d.
At Morganton, Thursday, October 24th.
At Blairsville, Monday, October 28th.
At Clarkesville, Friday, November 1st.
At Clayton, Saturday, November 2d.
At Hiwassee, Monday, November 4th.

The people, including the ladies, are earnestly re uested to attend these meetings

All the papers in the 9th District are requested to publish the foregoing appointments.

H. P. BELL.

Georgia News.

The increase of property in Burke county over 1871, is $400,000.

Frost in LaGrange Wednesday morning. Mrs. Ridley, of LaGrange, is dead.—*Reporter.*

John Templeton, with his excellent troupe gives a performance in Griffin on Saturday night.

Cotton in Chattooga county is giving a fine yield. Dr. William Maroney, Chattoogaville, is dead.—*Chattooga Advertiser.*

Dr. W. B. Jones, of Burke county, was married to Miss Emory Freeman, of Griffin, on Tuesday evening last.—*Griffin Star.*

Isaac D. Vaughn, has been elected President of the new Board Town Council of Elberton, and E. B. Tate, Jr., as Clerk.—*Elberton Gazette.*

James Bell, a dissipated person of Sandersville, lost his life last week by being run over by the Central Railroad cars.—*Sandersville Georgian.*

The Merchants' and Mechanics' Savings Bank, of Columbus, has been organized; W. L. Salisbery, President; A. O. Blackmar, Cashier.—*Columbus Sun.*

Mrs. Easter King, of Columbus, is dead. The handsome residence of John Peabody and L. M. Burns, of Columbus, are nearing completion.—*Columbus Enquirer.*

Frank White, a colored carpenter, died on the 3d instant, from a wound received in the head in the affray of Wednesday. Hal Gates, who severely cut in two places with a knife by Thomas Pye, in Macon Thursday morning. The stables of Messrs. E. Kirkland and Judge E. Bond, of Macon were entirely consumed by fire Thursday night.—*Telegraph and Messenger.*

Tennessee News.

Memphis boarding houses doing well.

A Baptist paper called the Tennessee Messenger is to be published at Shelbyville.

Two thousand, four hundred dollars worth of dried fruit shipped from the McMinnville depot last week.

South Carolina News.

Dr. Thomas Lake, of Edgefield, is dead.

Mrs Peggy Wilson, aged ninety years, died in Abbeville last week.

The gin house of Mr. Ellerbe, in Kershaw county, was destroyed by fire last Monday night, with thirty bales of cotton.

The Greenville and Columbia Railroad have not enough transportation to meet the demands of freight.

The corner stone of the new United States Court House and postoffice in Columbia, will be laid on the 14th inst.

Alabama News.

The burglar prowleth around Mobile.

Gov. Lindsay has returned from his Northern trip.

Apples still scarce in the Montgomery market.

It takes an entire side of a Mobile Street car to accommodate three young ladies.

The news boys of Mobile get up a "corner" on the city papers occasionally.

The grand division of the Sons of Temperance met in Montgomery on the 4th inst.

Twelve hundred and fifty copies of the Colonel Brewer's forthcoming history of Alabama have already been sold.

Lord Shaftsbury, a very old man, and one universally respected for his unsullied life, is recently replying, on a public occasion, to a toast in honor of the House of Lords, repelled the assertion that this assembly was exclusive and autocratic to the extent generally supposed. Of all the hereditary assemblies that every existed, he said he believed the House of Lords of Great Britain to be the least exclusive. There were but few persons of Norman descent in it, and its ranks were filled by persons from every profession—naval, military, civil, legal, clerical and mountebank.

☞ General John B. Gordon, of Georgia, is traversing the Northwest in behalf of Greeley and reform.

GEORGIA ELECTION RETURNS

JEFFERSON, JACKSON Co., Oct. 3, 1872.

Editors Constitution: I herewith forward you transcript of the official returns of the election held here, in Jackson county, on yesterday.

G. R. Duke, who was elected Representative, after having run in the Democratic nominating convention and failed to get the nomination, ran independently and secured the negro vote in addition to the whites who, from one cause and another, preferred him to the nominee of the Democratic party, T. C Williams. The vote for representive is by no means a fair expose of Democratic strength in the county. The vote was small, only 1,909 gubernatorial votes polled out of about 18,00 votes in the county. The vote cast for Governor, however, is a very fair index of how the country will vote in the Presidential election.

The following is the vote cast in Jackson county, October 2, 1872: For Governor—Hon. James M. Smith 1,036; Dawson A. Walker 273. For Representative—Green R. Duke 674; Thomas C. Williams 561.

CUTHBERT, October 4th, 1872.

It is a Waterloo defeat to Georgia Radicals. Let me join in the general congratulations with you. I give you the following—all Democratic:

Stewart county elects J. H. Lowe and W. W. Fitzgerald.

Early county elects Robert O. Dunlap.

Calhoun county elects Thomas M. Dunn.

Quitman county elects Dr. H. M. Keigler.

Clay county elects Capt. John W. Johnson.

Terrell county elects Capt. Wm. Keigler.

Randolph county elects Charles A. Harris and Wm. Coleman.

Have not heard from Webster, but think it morally certain that Dr. J. E. Carter, of Stewart, is elected Senator in the 12th in the place of the negro Crayton and against him.

* *

THE CATOOSA REPRESENTATIVE.

TUNNEL HILL, GA., October 3, 1872.

Editors Constitution: In the telegraph report of the election from Catoosa county, this statement occurs: "We have lost our representative, etc.," which, unexplained, leaves the impression that this county has elected a Radical representative. This is not the case. Mr. Lowe, the gentleman elected, ran as an independent, is a genuine Democrat, an honest man and will make a good representative. The same can be said of his competitor, Mr. Cox, the regular nominee.

JUSTICE.

HOUSTON COUNTY.

PERRY, GA., October 3, 1872.

Editors Constitution: Old Houston all right. The following is the result taken from the consolidated return of the managers and may be relied on as official:

Smith 963; Walker 810; Feagin 961; Crowder 813; Mathews 957; Holleman 804; Richardson 951; Ormond, (colored,) 797.

A bogus poll was opened at this place by the Radicals, thinking they were playing a sharp trick, which took in over 900 Radical votes. The negroes voting in a body. The whites, and some fifteen or eighteen negroes voting the Democratic ticket, voted at the regular poll. The result was that the bogus poll was voted out by the board of consolidating managers with the result above. A contest is threatened, but we are prepared to meet it in any shape it may come.

Respectfully, HOUSTON.

LEE COUNTY—OFFICIAL.

SMITHVILLE, GA., October 4, 1872.

For Governor—Smith, 493; Walker, 472. For Senator—Harris, 494; Joiner, 487. Two Democrats elected to the House—H. B. Lipsey, Independent, Wm. T. Sadler, Democratic nominee. Census report shows—black voters, 1,765; white, 463.

CHATTOOGA COUNTY.

SUMMERVILLE, GA.

I send you the official vote of this county as taken from the official county: Smith, 752; Walker, 142; majority, 610. For Senator—Wofford, 743. R. W. Jones is elected Representative.

WEBSTER COUNTY.

The following is a full statement of the vote polled in this county, Wednesday October 2, 1872: For Governor—James M. Smith 476; D. H. Walker, 222. Smith's majority, 264. For Senator—Carter, (Dem.) 486; Crayton, (col. Rad.) 210. Carter's majority, 276. For Representative—John R. Braty, (Dem) 477; Robert Parker, (Rad.) 223. Braty's majority, 254.

CHEROKEE COUNTY.

CANTON, GA., October 3, 1872.

Editors Constitution: The result of the election as far as received this morning, give Smith over two-thirds. Will inform you of the full returns as soon as received. W. A. Dooley has beaten John B. Richards by a large majority for representative.

SCRIVEN COUNTY.

Smith received 830; Walker none.

JONES COUNTY.

Smith received 913; Walker 69. Democratic representative, C. A. Hamilton, 905; Radical representative, Warren Shorts, 69.

JASPER COUNTY.

MONTICELLO, GA., October 4, 1872.

Below I send you the result of the election. We had 300 negro majority to contend against. The votes were as follows:

Governor—Smith, 979; Walker, 451. Smith's majority 528. Senator—Hudson, Democrat, 964; Fay, Radical, 439; majority 525. Representatives—Newton, Democrat, 993; Castings, negro, 373; majority 620.

BANKS COUNTY.

Major Bell hands us the following returns from Banks: Smith 530; Walker 135. Majority for Smith 395. For Legislature—J. J. Turnbull 465; C. M. Cash 172; J. C. Stephens 1; A. D. Chenault 1. Majority for Turnbull, Dem., 283.

MURRAY COUNTY.

DALTON, GA., October 5, 1872.

The following is the official vote of Murray county: Smith 554; Walker 165. Wofford, Dem., elected to the House by a big majority; have not received his figures.

Condensed News.

Baltimore has 113 private schools.

The freshman class of Yale numbers 170.

Kansas is becoming a cotton growing State.

There are 386 pig iron establishments in this country.

The new library of Princeton, N. J., College costs $120,000.

The stream beneath the Natural Bridge in Virginia has disappeared.

The government of England proposes to purchase all the railways in the Kingdom.

Fifty thousand acres of land are occupied in France with the cultivation of the poppy.

Sweden is alarmed at the extent of the emigration to America. The country is becoming depopulated.

Personal.

Senator Sumner is said to have wept upon leaving Boston.

Mrs. H. B. Stowe is fifty-eight.

Bismarck owns a paper mill, a distillery and a beet root sugar manufactory.

The death of James Fisk is said to have been a severe blow to the prosperity of Long Branch.

Miss Josie Mansfield is having a scarlet velvet costume made for her first appearance as a lecturer.

Shakespeare's birthplace was visited by 1,708 persons in the month of August.

Varieties.

Grain men of Chicago estimate the corn crop of this year at twelve hundred and fifty million bushels the largest ever raised in the United States

A little four year old at Bristol went to Providence the other day, and in the depot was accosted by a Quaker lady, who asked: "How old art thou, little girl?" She looked up in the face of the Quakeress, and replied; "I'm not art thou—I'm little Jane."

The Japanese have a law that no land owner shall under pain of death, sell or mortgage real estate to a foreigner.

ROYAL POWER OF MUSCLE.

BY JUDGE CLARK.

It is about a dozen years since business not pleasure—took me to New Jericho, the terminus of civilization and the Whannedoo river railroad. And "a hard road to travel" that was. It had steeper grades, sharper curves, and more of them than it is to be hoped ever put in peril the public life and limb before or since.

It was Saturday afternoon, and we were to reach Jericho at some indefinite hour that evening, "time not being of the essence of the contract."

At a place called Bluerulh we stopped fifteen minutes to "liquor." There had been a cock-fight, and several other fights; and a big crowd there that day, and everybody was in high glee.

The New Jericho delegation returned by our train, and rougher looking samples of rustic rowdydom it would have been difficult to find, even in that favored region. Among them was a six-footer, a very Hercules in proportions, with a cock-of-the-walk sort of swagger about him, who took possession of two seats depositing his body on one and dead-heading his legs on the other. One cheek was puffed out by an underlying quid, while ever and anon, with a back-action jerk, he would send near a gill of tobacco juice over his shoulder, which those within range had the privilege of dodging or taking the consequences of, as they liked. As for his conversation, the curse of Ernulphus, or the table-talk of a Flanders mess room in Uncle Toby's time in point of malodictory power, was weak in comparison.

At the next station a young lady came on board, beautiful as Venus and modest as Diana. How so rare a flower came to bloom in such a wild was a question to puzzle over. But there was no time to settle it. The lady was standing, and all the seats were occupied. I was on the point of offering mine when a youthful looking gentleman, of prepossessing manners and appearance, stepped forward and addressed the couchant Hercules:

"Allow me," he asked politely, "to turn over the back of this seat."

"Hey?" the other grunted.

The request was repeated.

"See you dod darned first," was the gruff response.

"But, sir—" the gentleman began to expostulate.

"Lookee here, you," blustered the bully, "don't you ot er for to go to rile me! That's my advice, an' gives it free gratis, 'cause I feel a intrust in you."

"But this lady is entitled to a seat," the stranger persisted.

"Give her your own, then, dod rot you! an' stop your chin music, or, by Hoky, you will rile me!"

As a last resort, the gentleman appealed to the conductor who chanced to be passing. But the latter declined to interfere. Such things must be left to courtesy. Besides, it was not his place to take part in the disputes of passengers.

So saying, he went his way punching tickets, and taking no further heed.

"Dod blast you, you hev riled me!" shouted the bully springing to his feet and striding up to the young man, who didn't seem quite sensible of his danger; "you've gone and stuck your nose into other people's business, an' I'm goin to pull it!"

An attempt was made to suit the action to the word; but before the metaphorically offending member had been so much as touched, something—it moved so swiftly I couldn't be positive it was the gentleman's fist—took Hercules directly between the eyes, and sent him sprawling to the other end of the car. He didn't get up immediately, and when he did he seemed a little bewildered as to whether he had been knocked down or the train had run off the track. He had had enough at all events, wherever it came from, as was evident from the subdued air with which he took his departure for the smoking car, whither his companions soon followed, no doubt secretly chuckling at the result, as usually do the chums of a whipped bully.

Pap Kilderkin, the proprietor of the New Jericho Rest, was the most communicative of hosts. Before bed time that night I was thoroughly and accurately "up" in all the gossip of the place, and had its scandalous statistics at my fingers' ends.

Among other things, I learned that "stated preaching" had hitherto been among the wants of the community, but that a "supply" had been at length obtained, and the new minister was expected to enter on his duties on the morrow.

"And a refreshin' season he'll hev of it," said Pap.

"Why so?" I asked.

"Oh, Bill Grinkey an' t'other chap's gonin' to brake him in tomorrer; an' of you want to see fun, I'd ad'wise you to go thar."

And I did go—not "to see fun," as Pap Kilderkin suggested, but, I trust, from better motives. Pap went, too—by what prompted, I prefer not judging.

When we reached the church, the minister had not yet made his appearance, though a goodly number of hearers had already assembled. A few minutes later, yesterday's delegation to the Blue-rulin cock fight, headed by the vanquished bully, with both his eyes in mourning, sauntered in, and walked nobly down the aisle.

"That's Bill Grinkey," whispered Pap, an' them's t'other chaps."

"Make way for the mourners!" sang out Bill, crowding with his companions into a front seat, where a boistrous conversation was struck up, mingled with an incessant cracking of peanuts.

"I kin tell you that progranny," Pap continued; "a pack o' shootin' crackers 'll be teched off doorin' the fust hyme an' a pair o' game chickens as a couple o' them chaps got in thar pockets 'll be sot fightin as soon as the tex's gin out, arter which Gen'ral Ned 'll be in order."

A sudden silence fell upon the congregation. Not a murmur was heard and the peanuts ceased to crack. Looking up, I saw the new minister in the pulpit; and guess my surprise at recognizing him as the young man that had struck out so deftly from his shoulder the day before.

With a clear manly voice, he gave out a hymn, which was sung through without interruption. A prayer was offered up amid profound and decorous silence. Another hymn followed, and then a sermon, earnest, plain, practical, and without a spoord of cant in it. From the beginning to the end of the exercises, save a single incipient crow, promptly choked off, from one of the invisible chickens, order was observed.

"I say, Bill," I overheard from of "t'other chaps," as they made their way out, "that parson's a trump; he preaches a downright good lick, an' fights fair, without biting or gougin'."

It was easy to see the new minister's status was settled. I have since heard that Bill Grinkey has become an exemplary member of the church, and the parson the happy husband of the young lady, as whose champion he first achieved popularity.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

Suit by a Colored Man Against a Hotel.

Mexican Complications.

Indian Raid in Honduras.

Financial and Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 5.—Suit has been commenced by the Liberian Minister, Turner, (colored) against the Arlington Hotel for refusing to entertain him. He claims damages to the amount of five thousand dollars.

NEWARK, N. J., October 5.—The coach drivers' strike for two dollars per week advance has been successful.

The loss by the Patterson fire yesterday has been estimated at $-75,000. Three hundred men are out of employment. The bonds, papers, and over one hundred thousand dollars worth of patterns were saved.

A Washington dispatch says the filling of vacancy in the Mexican Claims Umpire, caused by the death of Dr. Francis Lieber, will probably lead to trouble. Our Government, it is said, would be unwilling to accept any one named by Mexico, as all questions referred would be by lot the Indian cases, amounting to $23,000,000 might fall to the Mexican umpire and the interest of his country, it is contended, would necessarily bias his judgment. It is also said that Mexico cannot consistently ask any of the European nations to name an umpire.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., October 5.—The Rope and Bagging factory, located on Twelfth and Gradet streets, has been burned.

KINGSTON, October 5.—Advices state that the Indians of Honduras made another raid on the British settlers at Orange Walk, near Garrosal, Yucatan, there were about five hundred of the raiders. The British garrison made a gallant defense, killing a few of the enemy and wounding some others. Two soldiers were killed and 16 wounded, and one civilian killed and 17 wounded. The Indians pillaged to the extent of $30,000 or $40,000 and retired.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, October 5.—Cotton quiet but firm with light offerings; middling uplands 19½; Orleans 19½; receipts 400 bales.

Flour dull and heavy. Wheat quiet and declining. Corn steady. Pork steady; mess $14 25a14 40. Lard dull; steam 8¼a8¾. Turpentine firm at 64. Rosin steady at $4 55 a4 60 for strained. Freights firm.

Exchange—long 7; short 8¾. Stocks strong. Gold weak at 14¼a14¾. Governments dull but steady. State bonds dull but steady. Money easier.

LONDON, October 5, noon.—Consols 92½; 6's 89¾.

PARIS, October 5.—Rentes 53f 27c.

LIVERPOOL, October 5, noon.—Cotton opened strong; sales yesterday after closing 4,000 bales, making the days sales 22,000.

Atlanta Wholesale Price Current.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, }
ATLANTA, Oct., 5 o'clock, P. M. }

Cotton firm at 16¼a16¾.

EXCHANGE.—Buying at ¼ discount; selling at par.

FINANCIAL.—Money market easier; we quote money at 1¼ per month. Gold buying at 113; selling at 114. Silver buying at 106; selling at 110.

BONDS AND STOCKS.—Georgia 6s 72a74; 7s 93a94; new Georgia bonds at the State Treasury $1. Atlanta city bonds, 7s, 73a75; 8s 83a85. Augusta 82a85. Georgia Railroad stock 94a96; Georgia Railroad bonds 95a98. Atlanta and West Point Railroad stock 90a93; Atlanta and West Point Railroad bonds 94a96. Macon and Western Railroad stock 95a95. Atlanta National Bank stock 130.

BACON.—We quote shoulders 9½; clear sides 13; clear rib sides 12½; country hams 12½a13. S. C. hams 16¼a19; plain canvass hams 15

BULK MEATS.—Shoulders 8½; C. R. sides 11½; clear sides 12; long clear sides 10½.

LARD.—We quote buckets 13½; cans, 12½; tierces, 11½.

FLOUR.—Fancy $10 00; extra family $8 75a9 00; family $8 25a8 50; superfine $5 50a7,00

GRAIN.—We quote white corn 88; yellow and mixed 78a80. Wheat best quality $1 45a1 55; common Georgia red $1 40. Oats 55a60. Rye 1 25a$1 50. Barley $1 10a $1 15.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.—Buying prices from wagons. Eggs 23; chickens 22½a25; country butter 25a30.

GROCERIES.—We quote: Sugars—Crushed, Granulated and Powdered 14a14¾. Coffee A 13; for Extra C 12¾; Yellow C 12¼; Brown 11¼a13. Tallow 7. Liverpool salt $2 15; Virginia salt $2. The various brands of soap from Excelsior Steam Soap Works of Atlanta, from 6a7¢ per box. Georgia Soap Factory—5a7c per pound. Candles—full weights 21a21¼. Ginger 15. Pepper 25. Corn meal 85a87. Starch 6a10. Rice 9¼a 10 for tierces. Java Coffee 27a30. Rio 20a24. New Orleans syrup 70a75; Molasses—hhds. 37; bbls. 39. Cheese, factory, 14a16.

FACTORY GOODS.—BROWN Domestics—Graniteville, 7-8, 11; Trion, 7-8, 11; Augusta 7-8, 11; Graniteville, 4-4, 12½; Trion, 4-4, 12½; Augusta, 4-4, 12½; Graniteville, 3-4 9; Augusta, 3-4, 9; light osnaburgs 14; heavy osnaburgs 16c; Yarns $1 60.

BAGGING AND TIES.—Gunny 16½; magnolia and other Western brands 17a18; double anchor and Ludlow 18. Ties 9a10.

HAY.—Western timothy $37a38; Georgia new crop $30a35.

MISCELLANEOUS.—Quinces 75a$1 per bushel; Sweet Potatoes $1 00 per bushel. Table Peas $1 50.

DRY GOODS.—Cambrics—glazed 9a11; paper 13a14. Bleached Cotton 9a21. Cottonades 20a25. Ginghams—heavy 13a16. Tickings 9a32.

PAINTS.—Wamsutta 9; Bedford 9; Amoskeag 10; Arnold 10; Albions 11¼; Spragues 11¼; Richmond 11¼; Dunnells 11¼.

TOBACCO.—Low grades, sound dark, 46a 48; low grades, sound mahogany, 50a52; medium 52a55; medium bright 65a70; good bright 65a80; favorite brands of fine 85a $1 10. Trade quite active.

NAILS.—Per keg, 10d to 60d, $6 25; 8d, $6 50; 6d, $6 75; 4d, $7; 3d, $8 25; fine, $9 75; finishing, different kinds, 75c on above prices.

LEATHER.—Calf skins—domestic 30a44 per dozen; French 45a66. Harness leather 36a45c per pound; sole leather 27a33; oak 28a50c; split 40c; kips, country, 45a50c per pound.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.—Ball's Ohio Reaper and Mower, combined, $182. Pitt's Separator from $300a$360. Wheat Rakes (horse) $16 50. Scythe blades, four and six fingers, $26a$30 per dozen.

POWDER AND SHOT.—Blasting powder $5; rifle powder per, keg, 25 pounds, $7 25; half kegs $4; quarter kegs $2 25. Patent shot bag $3 25.

Paris Millinery Emporium,

No. 36 WHITEHALL STREET,

(UP-STAIRS, OVER MEADOR & BRO.)

Mrs. E. L. McDowell

HAS just returned from New York with an elegant assortment of Fancy Bonnets of the latest styles, together with SASH RIBBONS, FRENCH FLOWERS AND FEATHERS. Real and Imitation Hair Goods, Sets of Curls, Lace Collars and Caps and Fans, etc., of THE LATEST NOVELTIES.

☞ To which she would solicit a call from her old customers and ladies of Atlanta and vicinity, and visitors to the STATE FAIR, and will be prepared to suit the most fastidious.

oct1—dim

FOR SALE.

THREE lots near the Georgia Railroad, three miles from the Passenger Depot, containing 10, 20 and 30 acres. The land is of good quality and well watered.

BELL & GOLDSMITH.

oct3-3t

Agency Domestic and Indian Mission Board S. B. C.,

JONESBORO, GA., July 11, 1872.

Dr. H. Nevon, Atlanta, Ga.:

DEAR SIR: I followed up your treatment as directed for nearly a month, when I desisted. In about ten days or two weeks afterward my hearing returned, and now I hear about as well, quite as well, so far as I can tell, as I ever did before I lost the use of my left ear, in June, 1871. I feel that I am under obligations to you for your treatment, for I am relieved of a great deal of unpleasantness and inconvenience.

Fraternally yours,
W. H. CHAUDOIN, Dis. Sec. and C.,
Office on Marietta street, corner of Peachtree.
sept7—dtuthfriw-tf

Administrator's Sale.

WILL be sold before the Court House door in Newnan, agreeably to an order of the Ordinary of Coweta county, Georgia, on the

FIRST TUESDAY IN NOVEMBER NEXT,

within the legal hours of sale, that

Valuable Farm

belonging to the estate of Gilbert D. Greer, late of said county, deceased. The place is situated about 1½ miles north of Newnan, and contains seven hundred acres, with good orchards, a fine large and

Commodious Dwelling,

suitable outhouses, etc. Also, at the same time and place, three hundred acres of land on the west side of the Atlanta and West Point Railroad, on which Mr. ——— now resides, belonging to the same estate.

Also sold for distribution according to the last will and testament of Gilbert D Greer, deceased.

Terms one-half cash—balance small notes at ninety days.

sept29 dim E. B. ROSSER, Administrator.

Coal! Coal!

DR. J. S. WILLSON would respectfully inform his friends and the public, that he is prepared to furnish them with the best quality of Coal in the market—either at Wholesale or Retail.

Office and Yard corner Marietta and Forsyth Streets, Atlanta.

Post Office Box 545. J. S. WILLSON,
sep28—dim Agent.

BUY THE GENUINE

STANARD SCALES.

More than 250 Different Modifications

Agents also for the Best Alarm Money Drawer.

FAIRBANKS & CO.,
311 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,
176 Baltimore Street, Baltimore.
55 Camp Street, New Orleans.

FAIRBANKS & EWING,
715 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

FAIRBANKS, BROWN & CO.,
118 Milk Street, Boston.

For sale by leading Hardward Dealers.

sep15—d1aw1in

GAINESVILLE HOTEL,

Gainesville, Georgia,

J. A. CHRISTIAN, Proprietor.

THIS House has been Refitted and Supplied with New Furniture, and will compare with the best. The Table always supplied with the best the market affords, and special attention given to the comfort of guests.

There will be found at all times upon the arrival of regular trains, at the depot, hacks, etc., to convey to this house, free of charge, its patrons.

RATES OF BOARD:

Single Meals.....$ 50 | Two Weeks.....$15 00
Per Day.....2 00 |
Per Week.....10 00 | Per Month.....35 00

may7—oct24-d1f

Fulton Court of Ordinary,

CHAMBERS, SEPTEMBER 28th, 1872.

IT is ordered that there be collected by Samuel R. Boyle, Esq., Tax Collector of said county, or his successor in office, 20 per cent. upon the State tax to pay bonds and coupons upon bonds falling due the present year; 25 per cent. for Jury purposes; 15 per cent for Jail purposes; 10 per cent. for Pauper purposes; 10 per cent. for Bridge and Road purposes; and 20 per cent. for general county purposes; making in the aggregate one hundred per cent. upon the State tax proper, which is hereby levied for the year 1872; and it is further ordered that the said Collector give bond in the sum of Seventy Thousand Dollars, with security to be approved by this Court, conditioned to faithfully collect and pay over the same according to law.

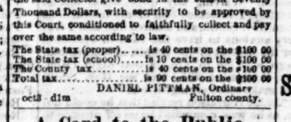
The State tax (proper).....is 40 cents on the $100 00
The State tax (school).....is 10 cents on the $100 00
The County tax.....is 40 cents on the $100 00
Total tax.....is 90 cents on the $100 00

DANIEL PITTMAN, Ordinary
oct2 dim Fulton County.

A Card to the Public.

THE undersigned having resigned his position as Policeman and having made arrangements with the house of Menko & Brother, informs his friends that he can be found there, and will be pleased to see old friends and as many new ones as possible

oct1—d1w THOMAS J. BUCHANAN.



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GEORGIA, Fulton County.

To the Superior Court of said county:

YOUR petitioner, Paul Jones, Senior, showeth that in due course of trade and for a valuable consideration, on the 19th day of December, 1871, by purchase from Jesse C. Kyle, he acquired title to a promissory note (here to the Court shown) for the sum of Eight Thousand Dollars, made by W. H. Selle, W. A. Rondeau and P. H. Snook, payable to said Kyle, or bearer, dated February 13th, 1871, and due on or before the first day of January, 1873; and that at the same time he, by assignment from the said Kyle, acquired title to a mortgage deed, (here also to the Court shown) executed by said Amy H. Selle to said Kyle and his assigns, to secure the payment of said note, and bearing even date therewith; which mortgage deed covers and embraces all that tract or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the city of Atlanta, and being part of A. J. Orme's subdivision of block number one hundred and forty-six, in original lot number fifty-one, in the fourteenth district of originally Henry now Fulton county—and portion fronting north on East Harris street, one hundred and eighty-three feet, and running back on Butler street two hundred and two feet, with all the rights, members and appurtenances to the said premises in anywise belonging.

Your petitioner avers that the condition of said mortgage deed is broken, that said note is wholly unpaid, and that the amount due thereon is eight thousand dollars, principal, besides lawful interest from maturity. He therefore prays that said mortgage may be foreclosed, and that the usual rule to that end be granted and served according to law.

L. E. BLECKLEY,
June 7, 1872. Petitioner's Attorney.

On filing the foregoing petition, it is ordered by the court that the said mortgagor, Amy H. Selle, pay into court on or before the first day of the next term hereof, the second Monday in October next, the principal, interest and cost, or show cause why the equity of redemption in and to the said premises should not be forever barred and foreclosed; and that this rule be served as prescribed by law.

L. E. BLECKLEY,
June 7, 1872. Petitioner's Attorney.

A true copy from the minutes of Fulton Superior Court.

W. R. VENABLE,
June 8-d1aw3m Clerk.

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Morning Edition.

ATLANTA:

SUNDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1873.

Beat the Telegraph.

In the telegraphic dispatches for this morning's paper came the statement of Blodgett's arrest for forgery and his subsequent discharge. But in this instance The Constitution beat the telegraph itself, as we published a full account of the case several days ago.

Oglethorpe College.

The Fall Session of this excellent institution begins on Monday morning. We hope to see the session open with a large number of students. Located in the city, provided with excellent Professors, and offering so many inducements to parents and guardians, the College should receive the the patronage it merits. Our citizens should patronize their home institutions and also husband their means by so doing.

Life As It Is.

We recently published a little reminiscence of travel, of which a sunny-haired, brown-eyed little Mobile girl was the heroine. Happy and light-hearted, she scattered sunshine all about her. But she, that made others so happy, was about to be plunged into the black shadows of a dire affliction.

A letter before us states, that little Hattie reached home just in time to see her darling mother borne from her home to the cemetery, after a sudden illness of only three days.

What an illustration of the checkered drama of human life. It is but an alternation of sunshine and shadow, of joy and sorrow. And he only is a true philosopher, who soberly realizes this truth.

ANOTHER GRAND RALLY.

Democratic Meeting at James' Hall.

On Wednesday night there will be a grand rally of the Democracy at James' Hall. Col. E. Y. Clarke having been invited by one of the Ward Clubs to address them, the Executive Committee has concluded upon a general meeting of the Democracy; that evening. Colonel Clarke, Senator George Hillyer and others will deliver addresses.

All the clubs of the city are specially invited to turn out.

The ladies are cordially pressed to come out and a portion of the hall will be reserved for them.

One of these gentlemen has just returned from the North, and will give us the results of his observations there. We shall then have the news from the great State elections of Indiana, Ohio and Pennsylvania, to make the affair interesting.

We Protest.

That young contemporary of ours, of Columbus, has gone and done it.

Greeley got kissed by some pretty girls on his Western tour. One Hoosier girl, not reported as to beauty, is said to have smacked the old codger "right in the mouth." Whereupon our young brother seized with certain lugubrious divinations, hath gone off at a terrible tangent and predicted that old Horace would come to grief in consequence of said impromptu, but evidently intoxicating osculority.

And he triumphantly quotes how the strong-minded roosters in Massachusetts, at one of their hen conventions, passed some resolutions calling on the women to prevent his election, and declaring the trust of the woman suffragers in Grant and his party.

That paper ascribes the awful sockdolager to Greeley's political prospects to his kissing those pretty Hoosier girls.

Now, in view of the disastrous calamity that must inevitably result from the roosters' action in Massachusetts, it is necessary that Greeley should be understood properly. Our contemporary has none the less grossly, because unintentionally, most diabolically misrepresented Old Horace, and thus made the scraggy petticoats of Boston do an injustice to the sage of Chappaqua.

There are two broad-guage inaccuracies in our neighbor's report. The official report of the kissing says nothing about the girls being "pretty" and further more states emphatically that the kissing was done by the girls and not by Horace.

These two important particulars set right, we think the trouble can be rectified and the roosters be induced to withdraw their opposition to Horace, and our contemporary be transmogrified into an elated vaticinator of rosy hope from a gloomy forboder of overpowering misfortune.

We offer the suggestion in that patriotic spirit that has ever animated the bosom of Artemus Ward.

The Radical Conspiracy to Carry the Late Election by Fraud and Violence.

Testimony is accumulating to show that one of the most disgraceful and desperate political plots ever disappointed, was concocted by the Radicals to carry the election in Georgia last Wednesday, and failing in that to afford, a pretext for charging violence on the Democrats. The reports from all parts of the State exhibit a premeditated and arranged plan of action. The hope of electing Walker laid wholly in seizing the polls and keeping off the Democratic voters. If this failed, the effort it was expected would result in riot which would be laid to the Democrats. And this idea could be helped by the Radicals refusing in a body to vote after their attempt to create a disturbance had failed.

We give in another column the graphic account of the Macon riot from the Telegraph, which we have at length obtained. It is full and we give it in full to show how the matter was worked.

Read it and see how the plot was prepared beforehand, how the negroes were drilled, how boldly the violence was sought to be carried out, what unanimity of action marked the Radicals, and how they solidly acted under the lead of their unscrupulous managers in withdrawing from the polls.

We say that there never was a more atrocious partizan conspiracy to control an election by violence, and failing, throw the blame on the other side.

The victory has been an unprecedented one in Georgia. The majority has astounded even the Democrats themselves.

In coming to a proper understanding of the large majority won by the Democracy it is necessary to consider the following facts, which satisfactorily explain the result, and conclusively falsify the false and infamous plot to make it appear that the Radicals who sought to force and trick success, were themselves the victims of fraud and violence.

First. The Democratic party voted solidly for Bullock.

Second. From ten to twenty thousand white and black Liberal Republicans voted for Smith.

Third. A number of Radicals, after trying vainly to drive the Democrats from the polls, refused to vote, though invited to do so, in order to make a point on the Democrats.

Fourth. Large numbers of the blacks had not paid the poll tax of 1871, which had to be done in order to vote, and the money sent out by the Grant people to pay these taxes was stolen by the Radical leaders.

Cotton.

The receipts this week are 71,000 bales—25,000 more than last year, and 2,000 more than two years since. It is likely the receipts for next week will be about 80,000 bales, compared with 64,000 last year, and 78,000 the year before; and the receipts at the interior towns 25,000 bales, compared with 28,000 last year and 28,000 the year before.

The weather this week has been extremely pleasant; the thermometer has averaged 73 degrees at noon; five days clear and pleasant and two days cool and windy. For next week it is likely we will have pleasant weather, and rather warmer than this week has been.

Cotton has risen this week, both in New York and Liverpool. The cause of the rise in Liverpool has been the small stocks at Manchester, in hands of spinners, and quite an active demand from continental spinners. This demand, coming upon a reduced stock of American, and small export from this country, has enabled holders to sell at better prices than last week. New York has risen in sympathy with Liverpool, and as the stock at that port is still very small, holders have been able to raise the price half a cent during the week; how long this better market will continue we cannot tell, but will give the experience of last year. This week last year, cotton was very active in Liverpool, sales 183,000 bales, and rose the price ¾ penny; sales in New York were 16,000 bales, and rose ½ a cent for spots and ¾ of a cent for contracts; then the market gradually declined for three weeks. Liverpool ¾ of a penny, New York 1¼ for spots and the same for contracts, at which time the lowest prices for the year were touched. Stocks in New York are so small just at this time of the year it is always easy to put the price up, if there is any demand; and the rather small stock of American cotton this year has made it unusually easy to do so. The decline last year was principally caused by large receipts, fine weather and no frost. Our readers can judge what the prospect is for the same causes this year.

The Bank of England has raised its rate of interest to five per cent, the same as it was this time last year. Money is very tight in New York, and it is likely to remain so for some time.

As there was a slight error last week in our statement of receipts, we give it this week corrected. The average increase of the receipts for the next five weeks would be about 8,000 bales per week. If this should be correct, it will give us 111,000 bales receipts for week ending November 8th, compared with 97,000 last year, 107,000 the year before, 95,000 the year before and 74,000 the year before that, same time.

Five weeks ago, when we began the new cotton year, we made a guess at the size of the crop; but as it was only a guess, we did not expect to come very near it. Now we have some data to follow. The fine weather has improved the prospects very much, and the injury from caterpillars is not so much as expected. In fact, the prospect, at this time, is fully ten per cent. better than at that time.

In September, 1869, the receipts up to and including October 1st, were 146,000 bales, which was five per cent. of the total receipts of the crop at the port. The weather was about the same as this year—very fine indeed—hot and dry, some complaints of caterpillars and loud and constant complaint of rust, blight and shedding.

This year the receipts have been 197,000 bales for same time. As that year was by far the earliest fall since the war, we have taken it as a basis for our calculation. The crop that year, according to the New York Shipping List, was 3,115,000 bales. Taking the receipts as a basis, it makes this crop 4,200,000 bales; taking the account of receipts as a basis it makes this crop 3,900,000 to be received at the port; to which must be added overland shipment and Southern consumption, making total crop 4,200,000. But as these figures are, of course, very much too large, we suppose there has been less of the crop received, up to October 1st, making the total crop 3,500,000 bales, which is our present estimate. Several of our friends have asked us: "What do you think of this rise; how high will it go; and will the market go down again?" For the four years past, there has been two large crops and two small ones; the market went down in September three years, and up last year, on account of a corner in that month. In October the price went down three years, and was steady in 1870, on account of the war having made prices drop too suddenly before.

In November, the price was steady for three years, and falling in 1868, because the heavy receipts caused increased estimates of the crop. Higher prices for bread has generally made lower prices for cotton. In England this year the crop is short 25 per cent., requiring an import into Great Britain of 25,000,000 dollars worth of wheat, flour and corn during the next twelve months.

It is the general opinion, particularly in Europe, that if the stocks at interior towns, and in the country, on the 1st of September are large or small, our receipts will be correspondingly large, or small. We think just the reverse of this is the fact. In 1869 the stocks at the interior towns were 422 bales September 1st, and receipts in September were 146,000. This year stock at interior towns was 4,000 bales and receipts 197,000. In 1870 and 1871 stocks at interior towns were 14,000 and 10,000, and receipts were 123,000 and 76,000 for September. We explain this paradox in this way, when the price is high and prospects for a large or very early crop holders sell all their cotton before September, and the very early crop and good prices make receipts, for September, larger than when the price is low, and the prospect of the crop being small, or late, planters hold more of their cotton over, and the late crop, and unfavorable fall, makes the receipts for September very small. Another reason why old cotton, held in the interior, does not increase the first few month's receipts. Planters, as a rule, who hold their cotton over until the new crop begins to come to market, are able to hold, and will not sell at the constantly declining prices of the fall. We believe that nine-fifths of the receipts for September, every year, is new cotton. In fact, since the war, the danger from theft and incendiarism is so great that we think the amount of old cotton now held over is very small indeed, probably not averaging over 50,000 bales in the whole South. Nearly all the old crop of American cotton on hand at this time of year, is poor; only good ordinary and below, and as the quantity of old cotton this year is much smaller than usual, we should have had much higher prices if our first receipts had been small as usual. We think those of our friends who are buying cotton on speculation at this time may have to hold some time to get their money back.

The Radical Conspiracy To Control the Georgia Election.

Conflict between Negroes and the Police.

The Negroes Attempt to take Possession of the Polls and are Routed.

The Fruits of Jeff Long's Incendiarism.

From the Macon Telegraph, 3d.]

The plan of the negroes yesterday was a repetition of the scheme of 1870 and 1868, and almost every contested election since they have voted. The law gave but one day and one voting place in town. To have gained exclusive possession of the polls—then struag out their long double line of voters in close order and polled every one as slowly as they choose, before any considerable number of whites had voted, would, if well managed for delay, have left the whites perhaps an hour or two for voting time, after the negroes had done.

In order to effect this operation successfully, the whole negro voting force had been, long before, organized into beats and companies—meeting once a week for drill and instructions, and under orders to rendezvous at the City Hall at early dawn.

In this shape they moved down to the polls—an army—passed the front of the Courthouse, and under order to "file left" moved round to the polls in the rear.

Then forthwith they began a systematic crowding and surging on the smaller crowd consisting of ordinary and special police and white and colored voters, who were between them and the polls, peaceably carrying on the election. Soon the crowd became so compact that some were seen, forced upwards, to crawl over the heads of the mass.

The behavior of the negroes was all the time most insolent and overbearing. Several quarrels and fist blows began. Brickbats were hurled with great violence from the assaulting party. A negro leader called out to fire on the whites, and a single shot was followed by a rapid discharge of some fifty or so. On the side of the white voters, it is believed not a single shot was fired that did not come from an acting policeman.

Immediately after this, the assaulting negroes fled, and then rallied to the City Hall again, to listen to inflammatory harangues over their failure to carry the election by storm. Here Mayor Huff addressed them and advised them to go back to the polls in a peaceable manner, like other citizens, and assuring them of protection and the same access to the polls as the whites had. But under the advice of their leaders they threw up the election declaring they had been driven from the polls by violence, whereas they had only been defeated in an effort to wrest the polls by violence into their own exclusive possession. They were warned in the morning that such an attempt could not be successful and entreated to vote like the whites, but that was not in accordance with their wishes or their programme.

It had been known to the people, that the negroes had been organized and were being

REGULARLY DRILLED

for their part in this election. In addition to their public meetings, they have been meeting in secret conclave, and have there received instructions from their leaders. It was announced by Jeff Long, in his speech Monday night, that they would hold a secret meeting, at 4 o'clock, Tuesday afternoon, to receive instructions, and at night, at 8 o'clock, they would re-assemble at the City Hall, and after being addressed by Meigan, Binswanger and others, would receive their ballots and

MARCH IN A SOLID BODY TO THE POLLS.

This was sufficient announcement of their purpose to create the impression that, as heretofore, they meant to take possession of the polls, crowd the white voters away, and carry the election in favor of their candidates.

The police force which had been provided were at the courthouse early yesterday morning. At 7 o'clock the voting commenced. At about a quarter past six, the negroes, in solid phalanx, under the command of their leaders, marched down Cotton Avenue to the right of the court house, passing around to the rear, came up to the polls in an opposite direction from that in which the whites were approaching. They marched as solid as one man. It was impossible to pass through their column. A walking-stick could not have been thrust between them, so compactly were they formed.

Seeing now, beyond a doubt, that the purpose of the negroes was to crowd them and keep them back from the polls, the white men pressed up, determined to hold their ground and cast their ballots. They knew that if they gave way then, there would be no possibility of their regaining possession of the polls during the day, and that few if any would have an opportunity to cast their votes.

A number of gentlemen remonstrated with the negroes, and told them that their conduct would cause trouble and probably bloodshed; and urged them to desist, assuring them that they should have the right to vote without molestation, if they would but be patient and take their turn.

They refused to heed this wise counsel, and pressed forward more vigorously than ever. They had come there to control the election and they meant to do it.

J. F. LONG,

the negro incendiary, who had incited the colored men to this line of action, assumed a position in one of the upper stories of the Courthouse, where he could overlook the scene of the action. He was satisfied that the advice he had been giving his people would result in harm to some of them, and acutely took his carcass out of the way of danger. He had stirred up the tempest, but meant that it should pass without injury to his person. He is a bully when it comes to stirring up a riot; but a coward when it comes to a test of courage.

THE BEGINNING OF TROUBLE.

While the two forces, so to speak, were massed in front of the polls, several whitemen were collared and roughly handled by the negroes. There were scuffles for position, and on two or three occasions the negroes made demonstrations with brickbats.

This contest for position lasted for more than an hour. The negroes were resolved to get the polls and hold them, and the white men were equally resolved that they should not. There the two masses stood, growing more determined all the while, and the negroes more threatening and turbulent. It was plainly seen that they did not mean to yield an inch. They had been drilled too well to back out now.

Thus matters stood, when J. F. Long, from his perch in an upper window of the Court House, called to the negroes to

TAKE THE POLLS AT ALL HAZARDS.

This was the signal for the strife. The negroes pressed forward with greater determination, and the white men stood their ground more firmly. Finally a brick was thrown by a negro, which passed immediately over the heads of the white men, striking the walls of the Court House very near where the ballots were being received.

This was closely followed by

A PISTOL SHOT

from a negro, and the battle was begun. The special police used their weapons freely, and between fifty and a hundred shots were fired. It was a lively skirmish, lasting about three minutes. No shots were fired by the whites except those who were on duty as special police. These were sufficient, however, to route the negroes and send them scampering in every direction. They stood not upon the order of their going, but went at once, pell-mell, hurry-skurry, all madly bent upon getting out of the way, leaving their wounded upon the field.

THE DEAD AND WOUNDED.

It was impossible at any time during yesterday to obtain an accurate list of the killed and wounded. Different rumors were afloat, all more or less exaggerated. Only one white man was killed. William Corkle, a worthy mechanic, foreman of the blacksmith-shop of the Macon and Brunswick railroad was shot through the head and died before reaching home. He was unarmed and in no way engaged in the disturbance; but was standing some distance off, on Mulberry street.

Another white man received a slight flesh wound in the side, another a contusion on his arm. Shots passed through the hat and coat of another, and through the clothing of two others. Two others were severely injured by brickbats.

AFTER THE SHOOTING

was over the negroes made no further attempt to take the polls. They recovered from their fright, after awhile, sufficiently to assemble in front of the City Hall, a noisy, turbulent, demonstrative mass. Mayor Huff went thither and addressed them briefly, counselling order, and urged them to return to the polls and vote, assuring them that they would be protected.

Tillman Love, negro candidate for the Legislature, gave different counsel. He told them the Mayor could not and would not protect them, and ordered them to go home.

For a time the whole crowd was in a wild with excitement and howled and yelled like madmen. They shouted, "we won't vote" "Let's go home." "Don't you try to vote," and other similar cries. There was no use in expostulating with them. Several gentlemen went into the crowd and attempted to reason the matter with them, but it was no use. All were wild, and determined to obey their leaders.

When the crowd at the City Hall broke up, the leaders disappeared from the streets, while the others gathered in squads and discussed the events of the day. For a while their talk was turbulent, but after awhile it dwindled down to a recountal of adventures and hairbreadth escapes.

NO MORE VOTING

was done by the negroes. They stood about the streets in squads, or sauntered off out of sight; but though frequently assured that they would be protected in their right to vote, they refused to go near the polling place, and allowed the election to go by default.

THE POLL WERE NOT CLOSED

for an instant during the melee; and as soon as the storm had subsided balloting went on and was not disturbed again during the day.

When the fight commenced five hundred votes had been polled, nearly the half of which were negro votes. After that, barely a negro attempted to vote at all.

BUT WHERE WAS JEFF LONG

while this trouble was going on? He had brought it on, and now he was saulking away, in the Post-office, out of the reach of harm. He remained there the entire day, afraid to show himself. Had he come upon the street it is possible that he would have received rough treatment at the hands of his own people, for many and bitter were the threats and complaints they made against him during the day. He was denounced by them as a coward, and one was heard to say, "he has got us into this thing and now he has left us"

THE NEGRO WOMEN,

if possible, were wilder than the men. They were seen everywhere, talking in an excited manner, and urging the men on. Some of them were almost furious, showing it to be a part of their religion to keep their husbands and brothers straight in politics.

A LADY FIRED AT.

Miss Emily Truman, who resides on the corner of Cherry and First streets, while in the act of closing the shutters of her window, was fired at. The ball shattered the window glass and fell in the room, where it was picked up. This was one of the most dastardly occurrences of the day, and it is a pity that the party perpetrating it was not discovered.

A warrant, it is stated, will issue to-day, for the arrest of Jeff Long. There are several counts against him, any one of which is likely to make him amenable before the court. Jeff is reported to have been snaked out of the post office last night, and will probably keep at a safe distance for some time.

THE A. & C. R. R.

The Georgia Side of the Question More Fully Explained.

Statement of Gen. W. T. Wofford, the Agent of the State of Georgia.

He is Instructed to hold the A. & C. R. R. at all Hazards, Even to Tearing up the Track and Burning all the Bridges.

General W. T. Wofford, Agent of the State of Georgia for the possession of the Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad, returned to the city yesterday from Atlanta, whither he had gone to consult with Governor Smith in regard to said Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad. We called upon General Wofford at his room in the Read House last night and requested a statement of the Georgia side of the question. General Wofford replied "with pleasure," and gave us the following statement, which we repeat as nearly as possible in his own words:

"I heard that Receivers had been appointed, and before Judge Harralson arrived I wrote to Governor Smith for instructions. He replied that I should hold the road at all hazards until further orders from him. As you are aware, I was connected with the road in two capacities: first, as Agent of the State of Georgia, who had seized the road under her statutory mortgage, and secondly, as Receiver under an order of the Superior Court of Dade county, on the application of the State of Alabama, and by the consent of the attaching creditors. By connection with the offices here was under contract with Colonel Gindrat, the Receiver appointed by Judge Key.

"When Judge Harralson arrived here, I went out to the depot and found him in possession. Waiving any questions of official courtesy, I informed him of my instructions from Gov. Smith, and assured him that I was very anxious to have the road in operation for the benefit of the people, and urged him to go with me to Atlanta that night, (Monday, September 30th,) and see Gov. Smith and make some arrangements.

"Judge Harralson replied that he could not go, as he was compelled to go off at once to hold his courts, but that as soon as Mr. Stanton came he would attend to the matter.

"Mr. Stanton came that night, and I understood that he was going to run a train out. I told several people who asked me about it, that the train would not be permitted to pass through Dade county. I also told Mr. Whitney that I must have the rolling stock turned over to me which had been seized by the State at Trenton, and he agreed to do this. I also said that I was willing to co-operate with them in any way so as to secure the running of the road, by leasing the road in Georgia, or by running my trains in Georgia to connect with theirs, and asked them not to attempt to run their trains through Georgia. When they insisted on running their trains, I showed my orders and asked them if they would send me to Trenton. Mr. Whitney agreed to do so, but the train was so late in getting ready that I got a hack and went down there. I had telegraphed the Governor for additional instructions, and he replied at once for me to stop all trains, and to apply to the Sheriff of Dade for a posse. When I got to Trenton I showed the Sheriff my orders, and he summoned a posse and stopped the train next morning.

"While I was at Trenton, Attorney General Hammond came to Chattanooga and sent for me to meet him. I did not like to leave, but finally did and went with him to Atlanta. There I saw Governor Smith, who repeated his instructions to hold on to the road. I told him I wanted no conflict with the Federal authorities. He said that the conduct of the Receivers was the most high-handed assumption of power he ever heard of. They had not even asked him for possession, nor made any offer to settle, but had attempted to ride over the State when she had possession under her statute, which was recognized by the court of bankruptcy. The State of Georgia was not a party to any law suit, and could not be made one without her consent. Governor Smith told me that he did not want any conflict and would not have any, but that he considered me a prudent man, and would leave the matter wholly in my hands with the instructions to hold the road against all opposition and allow no trains to run; if it was necessary to do that, to tear up every rail within the State of Georgia, and burn every bridge!

"These are my instructions and I am compelled to carry them out. I want the road to run for the accommodation of the people, and am willing to leave the part of it in Georgia to the Receivers, or I will put on my train and run it to the State line in connection with their trains."

These are almost General Wofford's exact words, and our readers will see from them that Gov. Smith is satisfied of his own rights and those of the State, and proposes to maintain them at all hazards. We learn from other sources that Gov. Smith telegraphed to an Attorney in this city that he intends to hold the road if it took every able bodied man in the State of Georgia, between the ages of 18 and 45.

Gen. Wofford also said that the people of Dade County were not to blame, as they were only obeying the orders of the Governor.

We have no further remarks to make upon this subject, other than to give the facts as they may hereafter present themselves. At present the situation seems highly suggestive of the old problem about an irresistible force meeting an immovable rock. If nothing gives, there is pretty certain to be a general smash.

Gen. Wofford further stated that he had been served with an injunction in his capacity as Receiver for the Superior Court of Dade, which he should obey, but no process could affect him as the representative of the State of Georgia.

We hope for the best, however.—Chattanooga Times.

Senators Elected.

6th district—J. D. Knight, Democrat.
9th district—B. F. Bruton, Liberal Republican.
10th district—W. A. Harris, Democrat.
12th district—J. R. Carter, Democrat.
14th district—C. C. Kibbee, Democrat.
16th district—J. N. Gilmore, Democrat.
23d district—T. J. Simmons, Democrat.
24th district—B. H. Crawford, Democrat.
29th district—W. W. Mathews, Democrat.
34th district—S. J. Winn, Democrat.
36th district—G. L. Peavy, Democrat.
42d district—J. W. Wofford, Democrat.
44th district—W. H. Payne, Democrat.
48th district—C. Snead, Democrat.
52d district—J. W. Hudson, Democrat.
56th district—R. Hester, Democrat.

The 16th, 32d, 38th and 40th will probably go Democratic, and the 2d and 4th Radical.

The Senate will stand 39 Democrats and 5 Radicals.

REPRESENTATIVES ELECTED.

Appling—
Bullock—
Bryan—H. E. Smith (dem.)
Berrien—
Brooks—Hunter (dem.)
Baker—W. H. Hoggard (dem.)
Butts—M. V. McKibben (dem.)
Bibb—Bacon, Nutting, Lockett (dem.)
Baldwin—W. W. Williamson (dem.)
Burke—Jones, Shewmake, Gleason.
Banks—J. J. Turnbull (dem.)
Bartow—Tumlin, Baker (dem.)
Chatham—Mercer, Mille, McArther.
Camden—
Charlton—
Colquitt—
Coffee—
Clinch—Simmons (dem.)
Chattahoochee—J. Cook (dem.)
Clay—J. W. Johnson (dem.)
Calhoun—T. M. Dunn (dem.)
Coweta—A. Leigh, A. Moses (dems.)
Clayton——Hutchinson (dem.)
Carroll—
Campbell—T. W. Latham (dem.)
Crawford—J. W. Ellis (dem.)
Columbia—McLean, Lampkin (dems.)
Clarke—Carlton, Jackson (dems.)
Cobb—W. P. Anderson, Blackwell (dems.)
Cherokee—W. A. Teasely (dem.)
Chattooga—R. W. Jones (dem.)
Catoosa——Lowe (ind. dem.)
Dade—
DeKalb—S. C. Masters (dem.)
Decatur—
Dooly—Williams (dem.)
Dougherty—T. R. Lyon, W. H. Gilbert (dems.)
Dawson—
Effingham—C. F. Foy (dem.)
Emanuel—
Douglas—F. M. Duncad (dem.)
Echols—R. W. Phillipps (dem.)
Early—R. O. Dunlay (dem.)
Elbert—J. L. Heard.
Fannin—
Fayette—R. T. Dorsey (dem.)
Forsyth—R. A. Baken (dem.)
Floyd—Towers, Hight (dem.)
Fulton—Howell, Hoge, Calhoun (dem.)
Franklin—
Glynn—
Glascock—
Green——(rad.)
Gilmer—
Gwinnett—Baxter, Blakey (dem.)
Gordon—R. M. Young (dem.)
Harris—Murphy, Miller (dem.)
Heard—
Houston—Feagan, Mathews, Richardson (dem.)
Henry—E. Morris (dem.)
Hancock—Pierce, Culver (dem.)
Hart—
Hall—A. D. Candler (dem.)
Habersham—J. H. Grant (dem.)
Haralson—
Irwin—
Jones—C. A. Hamilton (dem.)
Jasper—Newton (dem.)
Jefferson—J. Stapleton, M. A. Evans (dem.)
Jackson—G. R. Duke (dem.)
Johnson—
Liberty—
Lawrens—
Lincoln—
Lumkin—
Lowndes—J. A. Ousley (dem.)
Lee—Lipsey, Sadler (dems.)
McIntosh—T. G. Campbell, Jr., (negro.)
Montgomery—
Miller—
Mitchell—Twitty (dem.)
Macon—Felton (dem.)
Marion—
Muscogee—John Peabody, T. J. Watts (dems.)
Meriwether—J. B. Roper, R. A. S. Freeman (dems.)
Monroe—Dumas, Shi (dems.)
Morgan—S. Reese, J. R. Boswick (dems.)
Milton—
Madison—
Murry—B. Wofford (dem.)
Newton—Simon, Davis (dems.)
Oglethorpe—
Pierce—
Pulaski—Colding, Barkwell, (dems.)
Pike—Jenkins (dem.)
Pulman—W. F. Jenkins (dem.)
Pickens—
Polk—Hightower (dem.)
Paulding—
Quitman—H. M. Keigle (dem.)
Randolph—C. A. Harris, W. Coleman (dem.)
Richmond—P. Walsh, W. A. Clarke, H. C. Foster (dem.)
Rabun—
Rockdale—J. A. Stewart (dem.)
Scriven—
Sumter—Fort, Black, (dems.)
Stewart—J. H. Lowe, W. W. Fitzgerald, (dems.)
Schley—C. B. Hudson, (dem.)
Spalding—W. Blanton, (dem.)
Tattnall—
Telfair—T. J. Smith, (dem.)
Thomas—J. McDonald, J. O. A. Johnston, (dems.)
Terrell—W. Knigler, (dem.)
Taylor—B. Stewart, (dem.)
Talbot—R. M. Willis, C. B. Leitner, (dems.)
Troup—J. S. Hill, F. M. Langley, (dems.)
Twiggs——, (rad.)
Taliaferro—Flynt, (dem.)
Towns—
Upson—J. W. Mathews, (dem.)
Union—
Wayne—
Ware—J. B. Cason, (dem.)
Worth—
Wilcox—
Webster—J. R. Braty, (dem.)
Wilkinson—Adams (dem.)
Washington—Taliaferro, McBride (dem.)
Warren—C. S. Dubose, T. N. Poole (dem.)
Wilkes—Barksdale, Mattox, (dem.)
Walton—McDaniel (dem.)
White—
Walker—Clements (dem.)
Whitefield—J. Rodgers (dem.)

The six largest counties, viz: Chatham, Richmond, Fulton, Bibb, Houston and Burke, three Representatives each—18. All Democrats.

Twenty nine of the next largest, viz: Bartow, Columbia, Cobb, Coweta, Clarke, Dougherty, Floyd, Gwinnett, Hancock, Harris, Jefferson, Lee, Muscogee, Monroe, Merriwether, Morgan, Macon, Newton, Oglethorpe, Pulaski, Randolph, Sumpter, Stewart, Troup, Thomas, Talbot, Washington, Wilkes, Warren, two Representatives each—58. All Democrats.

Brooks, Butts, Baker, Baldwin, Banks, Clinch, Chattahoochee, Clay, Calhoun, Clayton, Campbell, Crawford, Cherokee, Chattooga, Catoosa, Dooly, DeKalb, Effingham, Echols, Murray, Pike, Putnam, Polk, Quitman, Schley, Spalding, Telfair, Terrell, Taylor, Taliaferro, Upson, Ware, Webster, Early, Elbert, Fayette, Forsyth, Gordon, Henry, Hall, Habersham, Jones, Jasper, Jackson, Lowndes, Mitchell, Macon, Wilkinson, Walton, Whitfield and one Democratic Representative each.—51.

Decatur and Greene send two Radical Representatives each. McIntosh and Twiggs one each—6.

In 86 counties 127 Democrats and 6 Radicals are elected.

The following counties will likely send one Democratic Representative each: Appling, Bullock, Berrien, Charlton, Colquitt, Coffee, Carroll, Dade, Dawson, Emanuel, Milton, Madison, Pierce, Pickens, Rabun, Scriven, Tattnall, Towns, Union, Worth, Wilcox, Pannin, Franklin, Glascock, Gilmer, Heard, Irwin, Johnson, Liberty, Lawrens, Lincoln, Montgomery, Miller, Marion, White and Ware—37.

Glynn and Camden will probably send a Radical Representative each; giving them one each from Hart, Haralson and Paulding, very doubtful.)5—and they will have, all told, in the Legislature—11.

The House will stand 164 Democrats and 11 Radicals.

A young woman once married a man by the name of Dust against the wish of her parents. After a short time they began to quarrel, and she attempted to return to her father's house, but he refused to receive her, saying, "Dust thou art and unto Dust thou shalt return." And she got up and "Dusted."

Election Tables.

STATE SENATE.

COUNTIES.	1868. For Governor. DEM.	REP.	1870. For Governor. DEM.	REP.	1872. For Governor. DEM.	REP.
Appling	1,402	70	.....	.....	35	99
Bryan	1,402	681	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bullock	870	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Banks	1,4 4	294	.....	.....	*750	.....
Camden	1,000	200	.....	.....	.....	.....
Charlton	1,000	88	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chatham	3,800	3,400	.....	.....	3,531	951
Clinch	4 6	12	.....	.....	202	9
Coweta	2,2 1	31	.....	.....	1,2 2	1,2 2
Effingham	4 6	200	.....	.....	270	204
Emanuel	655	255	.....	.....	.....	.....
Glynn	6 2	1 1	.....	.....	3 4	3 9
Liberty	1,2 0	1,0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
McIntosh	1 0	200	.....	.....	210	203
Pierce	1 2	200	.....	.....	327	132
Scriven	700	555	.....	.....	2 0	200
Tattnall	2 5	1,1 0	.....	.....	9 2	7 8
Ware	2 0	1 0	.....	.....	2 3	1 5
Wayne	.....	.....	.....	.....	2 4	17
Total	7,4 5	6,5 5	.....	.....	7,2 4	5,2 5

SECOND DISTRICT.

Baker	7 7	2 3	.....	.....	7 4	1 8
Berrien	1,4 2	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brooks	2 2	2	.....	.....	2 0	2 4
Calhoun	1 1	1 1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Clay	4 5	4 5	.....	.....	2 1	2 1
Colquitt	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Decatur	1,7 1	1,7 4	.....	.....	2 4	1,0 0
Dougherty	2 5	1,2 7	.....	.....	2 1	2 4
Early	2 0	4 6	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lowndes	2 2	2 0	.....	.....	2 5	1 3
Miller	2 0	2 0	.....	.....	2 5	1 0
Mitchell	2 2	2 2	.....	.....	2 1	4 5
Quitman	1 4	1 0	.....	.....	*1 7	.....
Randolph	1,1 2	5 3	.....	.....	7 5	7 5
Terrell	9 4	2 3	.....	.....	4 7	3 0
Thomas	1,2 0	1,0 0	.....	.....	1,1 7	1,0 0
Worth	2 3	9 0	.....	.....	*2 0	.....
Total	8,1 9	10,1 2	.....	.....	7,7 7	5 2 9

THIRD DISTRICT.

Coffee	1 2	1	.....	.....	2 5	2
Dodge	1,1 1	2 1	.....	.....	1,0 0	2 9
Dooley	6 3	5 5	.....	.....	4 7	1 1
Irwin	2 5	5	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lee	1,1 2	1,0 2	.....	.....	6 5	2 3
Macon	2 5	1,0 0	.....	.....	8 0	7 7
Montgomery	4 3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pulaski	1 7	1,0 0	.....	.....	2 2	1 0
Shirley	2 7	4 3	.....	.....	2 0	2 1
Stewart	1,1 1	1,1 5	.....	.....	*2 0	.....
Sumter	1,9 2	1,2 5	.....	.....	*2 0	.....
Taylor	4 5	6 5	.....	.....	*2 0	.....
Telfair	3 0	1 0	.....	.....	4 1	2 0
Webster	2 5	2 1	.....	.....	1 0	2 8
Wilcox	3 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	8,1 9	8 7 3	.....	.....	6,1 1	3,0 7 9

FOURTH DISTRICT.

Campbell	4 6	4 3	.....	.....	7 5	3 0
Carroll	7 1	3 3	.....	.....	1,1 1	6 7
Cherokee	1,1 1	7 0	.....	.....	1,0 0	2 6
Coweta	1,1 3	1,1 0	.....	.....	1,1 5	1,1 5
Douglass	.....	.....	.....	.....	2 0	1 5
Harris	1,0 2	3 2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Heard	4 2	1 3	.....	.....	2 5	2 7
Marion	2 4	2 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
Meriwether	1,2 4	1,1 6	.....	.....	*2 4	.....
Muscogee	2,1 4	1,1 7	.....	.....	1,0 1	3 1
Talbot	1,0 2	1,0 4	.....	.....	1,0 1	2 3
Troup	1,2 4	1,2 6	.....	.....	*1,0 0	.....
Total	10,0 0	10,0 0	.....	.....	7,1 9	3,0 7

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Crawford	2 3	2 3	.....	..

The Daily Constitution.

ATLANTA!

SUNDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1872.

City Intelligence.

S. J. Sparks, at Palmetto, has a complete set of tinners tools for sale.

Wright, Schmidt & Co., offer for sale to the trade, Pearl grits and hominy.

City Taxes.—Don't fail to pay your city taxes. The time is nearly out.

Read the business notices of Gay, McLesky & Co., if you want to know where to get bargains.

The trees are beginning to change their green leaves for brilliant autumnal tints.

First Methodist Church.—The Pastor will preach at 11 o'clock, A. M. Subject, "The Resurrection of the Dead."

Going It Wholesale.—On last Thursday night a Peachtree merchant was robbed of a coop of fifty live fowls.

Continued.—The libel case of Farrow vs. Rhodes was, by consent of parties yesterday, continued until Thursday next, at 10 o'clock.

S. J. Winn is elected Senator in the 34th district by 940 majority over Juhan (Ind.) and 1,404 over Bowen (Rad.) His total vote was 1,972.

Mrs. Drake is prepared to accommodate a gentleman and wife with board and rooms, on Luckie street, third door from the corner of Forsyth street

Religious.—Rev. Geo. H. Patille pastor, will preach in St. Paul's M. E. Church this morning at 11 o'clock. The Sacrament, or the Lord's Supper, will be administ. red at night.

Daughters of Rebecca-Marian Lodge, I. O. O. F., holds its regular monthly meeting at Odd Fellows' Hall, Marietta street, to-morrow night. Let all attend.

Winter Trade.—We notice that Mr. H. Schlenker's is refitting his segar and liquor store in new partitions as well as a new coat of paint for the fall and winter trade.

Hirsch.—Every body is concerned to know where they can obtain cheap and good ready-made clothing. Well, call at M. & J. Hirsch's and they will show you the place.

C. C. Hammock, Real Estate Agent, has an important announcement this morning, be sure to attend the sale of six residence lots, on McDonough street, Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Money is scarce, although the crops have been plentiful. However, the prices at the London Store will set Atlanta safe as the Hub of Georgia for good bargains.

Stammering Cured.—Don't fail to read the certificates of Dr. Moses in our local column. We advise those of our friends who stammer to consult Dr. Moses, for he can cure them.

Atlanta Postoffice.—For the week ending September 28th, there were 10,984 letters received for Atlanta and 10,739 circulars and, pr-pared mail matter.

John Keely.—The Bazaar of Fashion is ever thronged with customers, because Capt. Keely keeps a fine line of dress goods and notions, and sells them at short profit. Be sure and give him a call.

E. T. Hunnicutt.—Mr. E. T. Hunnicutt is announced as a candidate for Alderman in the First Ward subject to the Democratic nomination. Mr. Hunnicutt is one of our oldest citizens and a sterling Democrat. He will make a good "City Father."

Editors Constitution: The cotton picking in Terry county is very good. but old Newton can beat it a little. Washington Loyd's son, Robert, age four-teen years, picked, in twelve hours, three hundred and two pounds T. S. Black.

The London Store during the past week has opened thirty large cases of goods, making their stock the finest and most complete ever shown in Atlanta. $25,000 worth now on exhibition at prices that will secure quick sales.

Mistake.—The report that the Walker gun was so small in Fulton was caused by his constitution following the band wagon of the Great Eastern Circus is a mistake. It happened in one of the lower counties.

Dull times it is said are the best for advertisers, because when money is tight and the people are forced to economize they always read the advertisements to ascertain who sells the cheapest and where they can trade to the best advantage.

Heavy Business.—We are informed that the Great Eastern Menagerie and Circus did the heavy best business yesterday evening and last night that has ever been done by a similar organization in the city.

Steinheimer Brothers.—The Steinheimer Brothers have received the Buffalo, Eclipse and Mary Stuart brand of alpacas, the Nilsson hoop-skirt and the Joseph kid glove. If you want to go to the opera or a wedding, go to the New York Store.

The Right Man in the Right Place. Tom Buchanan at the Clothing House of Menko & Brother.

Hanes, M. & Bro. done well to secure the services of Tom as they well knew his worth, having "long led him" in their employ.

Lock Your Doors at Night.—On Thursday night, about midnight, the daughter of W. G. Forsyth, living near Evans' chapel, was aroused by a noise and discovered a burglar entering the window. She called out for her brother and father, and the thief made his escape. Secure your windows and doors.

Next Tuesday afternoon the finest unimproved property on McDonough street will be sold to the highest bidder. These lots are choice, and parties visiting telecots on this delightful street will, of course, attend this sale. See Wallace and Fowler, advertisement, also plats posted on the premises.

Georgia Railroad.—On and after Sunday, the instant, the night passenger train will arrive at Atlanta at 4:30 a. m., and leave Atlanta at 8:15 p. m. Day passenger train will leave Atlanta at 8:30 a. m. No other change. S. K. Johnson, Superintendent.

The Tournament.—We learn that arrangements are on foot for a brilliant tournament in connection with the State Fair—the Agricultural Society offering $200 in premiums, which will be increased by individual subscriptions. The Sabre clubs of other cities, and General Young's club at Carters ville will be invited.

Special Notice.—The Executive Committee of St. Phillips Episcopal Bazaar will meet at the rooms of the Brotherhood, Whitehall street, Monday morning, October 7th, at 10 o'clock.

The ladies of the congregation and all others who have the success of the Bazaar, are earnestly requested to be present, as business of importance will be transacted.

Tournament.—Those who have united themselves together to prepare for the Grand Tournament at the approaching State Fair, are requested to meet at the Kimball House of No. 3, Monday morning at 10 o'clock. As this is invariably an interesting feature at the Fair, doubtless the organization will be an extensive one.

Change of Schedule.—The schedule on the Atlanta & West Point Railroad, on and after today, will run as follows: Day passenger will leave Atlanta at 8:30 A. M., and arrive at West Point at 11:40 A. M.; leave West Point at 2:30 P. M., and arrive at Atlanta at 5:30 P. M. Night passenger will leave Atlanta at 7:30 P. M., and arrive at West Point at 12:10 A. M.; leave West Point at 2:40 A. M., and arrive at Atlanta at 8:30 A. M.

John F. Morris.—Mr. John F. Morris has been announced as a candidate for Alderman in the First Ward, subject to the Democratic nomination. Mr. Morris is a self-made man; a splendid business man; a gentleman of financial ability and excellent taste. Having managed his own business with success, he could be will manage he affairs of the city well.

Dots.—West End now mourneth and rolls tears to be comforted because her belle has gone to Macon. It is said that Gorman, of the Talbotton Standard, is going to change his name to Smith, because of our. Smith's popularity. He likes the name. The Weed Axe of the Covington Enterprise cuts keen and true. It has a other rust, gap or flaw in it. The handle must be of Hickory.

Rovings Particular of a local character about the city on yesterday. Circus the great attraction. Some little boys will certainly break their necks trying to imitate the positions assumed by the circus on the performers.

Cotton growing freely A good deal of cotton brought in, money under; the streets are dusty; Justice Clerk doing best finds; and the Greeley fever spreading.

United States Circuit Court.—The United States Circuit Court was in session on yesterday, his Honor Judge John Erskine, presiding. The case of John A. Cartwright was continued. It was a case of involuntary bankruptcy, brought by C. G. Oliver. Mr. Cartwright was security on guardians bond.

Messrs. Hillyer & Bro., Pope & Brown, and Columbus Heard for plaintiff. Gartrell & Stephens, and Miles W. Lewis for defendant.

Gate City Clothing Store.—The gate city clothing store is a popular institution. This arises from the fact that M. A. Rosenfield is courteous and attentive, and deals on the square with all who patronise him. His stock of fall and winter clothing for men's boys' and childrens' wear is large and ample. He sells at wholesale to retail dealers at New York wholesale prices. Give him a call. He will fit you, suit you and give you a good habit.

Eagle and Phenix Manufacturing Company.—The Constitution office is under renewed obligations to the above company, for two suits of beautiful cassimere from their celebrated mills; the one a very handsome gray, and the other black and equally as pretty. The goods turned out from these mills will compare favorably with similar goods from any mills in the country. We are gratified at ascertaining that the orders for the excellent goods turned out by this company, and for their magnificent and comfortable blankets, keeps everything busy about the mills. D. Beasley and Colonel Jourdan are the courteous and efficient President and Secretary of the company.

Geo. Sharp, Jr.—This enterprising "diamond merchant," as he puts it on his sign, has at length got his quarters thoroughly fixed in the Republic Block Insurance Building, corner of Decatur and Pryor streets.

We have been through his elegant rooms. He has two, one for ladies and one for gentlemen They are both frescoed beautifully. The ladies' room is a perfect gem [of polished luxury It is carpeted and furnished richly. The gentlemen's room is almost equally luxurious.

His stock consists of the best jewelry and silverware made, which he warrants. Everything is new fashionable and tasty. His diamonds are very fine. He professes to be able to sell as low as anybody.

He will be glad to see his old friends.

The Great Eastern Circus.—This large organization raised its six pavilions in our city yesterday, and by its sweet music, excellent and skilled artists, well trained horses, fine specimens of wild beasts, and its witty clowns, charmed our men, women and children, out of many dimes. The Great Eastern, by its bills, promised a great deal, and its performances filled the bills. Andrew Haight is along, and Haight never travels with, or gets up any other but a first class show. The artists are all first-class, the clowns witty, the horses in fine condition and well trained, the animals in good order and full of life. In short, the Great Eastern is a number one organization, and merits a liberal patronage in every town and city which it may visit. We hope, at some future day, it will pay our city another visit.

GRAND RALLY.

A Large Number Present.

Liberal Republican Headquarters Lit Up.

Fine Display of Fire Works.

Capital Speeches.

It had been previously announced that there would be a meeting of the Democracy and Liberal Republicans last night, to have a jollification over the victory achieved in Georgia on Wednesday last. Accordingly, last night the Liberal Republican Headquarters, on Marietta street, were lit up. A Greeley flag, the United States and a German flag, were suspended across the street. A United States flag draped the railing of the balcony of the Cannon House, and the speakers occupied the balcony, facing a large audience assembled in the street below.

We have notes of the speeches made, but pre-occupied space positively prevents our giving them. In connection with this the lateness of the hour. After some excellent music, Hon. Cary W. Styles, of Albany, entertained the audience in one of his happy efforts. He congratulated the people upon their recent victory—complimented the colored men in showing good sense in supporting the Democratic nominees and gave many good reasons why Greeley should be elected President.

Col Spencer as usual entertained the audience and gave both the white and colored voters a good deal of sensible advice.

Mr. Dunlap, Liberal Republican next addressed the audience His speech replete with sound sense and humor was satisfactorily received.

The meeting was a decided success, and much enthusiasm characterised it.

SUPREME COURT CASES.

Regular Order of Business—Cases yet to be Decided.

[REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE CONSTITUTION BY HENRY JACKSON, SUPREME COURT REPORTER.]

15 Northern	8	18 Ocmulgee	18
16 Augusta	20	19 Eastern	1
17 Middle	1	20 Brunswick	5

Supreme Court of Georgia, *October 5th, 1872.*—The committee appointed to prepare memorials and resolutions commemorative of Judge Linton Stephens and Judge Cabaniss, deceased, reported, through General Robert Toombs and Colonel *S. J.* Hammond, their respective chairmen. Chief Justice Warner responded, in behalf of the Court, to the first report, and Justice McCay to the second. The reports were ordered to be spread-on the minutes.

NORTHERN CIRCUIT

No. 1, West Tate vs. The State. Murder, from Elbert. Argued. J. D. Mathews, Edwards & Shannon for plaintiff in error. Sam. Lumpkin. Solicitor General, Robert Hester, for the State.

No. 2, W. M. Lane vs. Francis P. Collier. Illegality, from Oglethorpe. John C. Reid for plaintiff in error. S. H. Hardeman, Robert Toombs, contra.

Pending the argument of John C. Reid, the Court adjourned until 10 o'clock on Tuesday morning.

Local and Business Notices.

Dress Goods in great variety, very handsome, and at popular prices.

oct6—d2t Gay, McCleskey & Co.

Just opened, a full line Striped English Poplins at 25 cents, worth 35 cents, and 30 and 40, worth 40 and 50 cents.

Gay, McCleskey & Co.,
oct6—d1w 89 and 91 Peachtree street.

To all whom it may Concern.—We believe it must concern everybody to know that the most complete assortment of Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods, of the best texture and styles, can be found at

M. & J. Hirsch's,
No. 41 Whitehall street.
oct6—sun-tues-thurs

A full line of Empress Cloths, English Satteens, the new shades, American Satteens, very pretty, Baden Suitings, Striped Japanese Silks, etc., etc.

oct6—d2t Gay, McCleskey & Co.

We sell the Buffalo, Otter and Beaver Brands Alpaca's, two well known to require a guarantee from any quarter.

oct6—d2t Gay, McCleskey & Co.

Truth Will and Must Come Out, at all Events.—The truth has made itself known that the largest, best and most complete stock of Mens' and Boys' Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods can be found at the Oak Hall Clothing House. Go, see and be convinced. You will be waited on in a polite and gentlemanly manner, whether you buy or not. M. & J. Hirsch,
41 Whitehall street.
oct6—sun-tues-thurs

John Keely has now on hand a choice assortment of Dress Goods in Alpacas, Satteens, Silk and Wool Goods, Japanese Silks, Black Silks, etc. Also, a beautiful line of Shawls, Blankets, Jeans, Cassimeres, Hosiery, Laces, Lace Collars, Ladies Neck Ties, etc., while on his "BARGAIN COUNTER" will be found:

Mens' fine Linen Collars, 35 cents per doz.
Ladies Linen sets 20 cents each, worth 75 cents.
Japanese Silks, Plain and Brocaded, $5 00 each, worth $9 00 and $15 00.
500 yards Black Alpacas, slightly wet, 40 cents per yard, worth 60 cents.
Elegant Bed Spreads, 3 yards square, $1 25 each, recently sold at $2 25, and many other goods, which are worth attention, at John Keely's.
oct1—d2t

Every garment ordered at Eiseman & Bro.'s is made on the premises. oct5-d2t

STAMMERING CURED.

CERTIFICATES.

Atlanta, Ga., October 2d, 1872.

This is to certify that I was an inveterate stammerer, and after being under Dr. Moses' treatment for a few days I was relieved, and can now converse and read with great fluency. I would advise all similarly afflicted to call on Dr Moses, whom I consider competent to cure the most obstinate cases.

Thos. B. Lamar.

We indorse the certificate of Mr. Lamar, having seen him and are witnesses to the cure effected. J. Henly Smith,
Sun office.
W. A. Hemphill,
Constitution office.

Nacoochee Valley, Ga., Oct. 5th, 1872.

I take pleasure in indorsing the accompanying certificate of my nephew, Mr. Lamar. He stammered so badly that frequently after trying in vain to articulate a word he would give it up in despair. He now converses so well that no one not knowing him as a stammerer, would detect any impediment in his speech. J. H. Nichols.

We fully indorse the above certificate of Mr. Lamar's, and many other cases that have come under our knowledge.

Owens & Foster,
Proprietors National Hotel.

Atlanta, Ga., Oct. 5th, 1872.

I hereby certify that Dr. N. A. Moses has relieved me of stammering, and I take pleasure in recommending him to all those likewise affected. Abel W. Crawford.

Atlanta, Ga., October 5th, 1872.

I take pleasure in stating that through the application of Dr. N. A. Moses' art for the cure of stammering I have been very nearly relieved of a slight impediment in my speech, and feel confident of final relief by the application of said art.

A. M. Reinhardt.

Atlanta, Ga., October 5th, 1872.

This is to certify that I have had a very bad impediment in my speech for fifty years, and have attended various institutions to get relief. Among that number is Dr. Newton, of Philadelphia and Boston; also, Dr. Comstock, and others of less note, receiving but little benefit. Dr. Moses' Art of Curing Stammering is entirely new, and in my opinion, is based on scientific principles. It is the "key" of his success, and I cheerfully recommend him to all like afflicted.

T. W. McArthur.
oct6—d1t&w1t

New Novelties in Dress Goods.—In addition we have just received the celebrated "Buffalo," The "Mary Stuart," "The Eclipse," and several other well known brands of Black and Colored "Alpacas," in which we are determined not to be undersold. Steinheimer Bros.,
New York Store,
oct6—d3t No. 39 Whitehall street.

The Nilsson Hoop Skirt is now all the rage. This celebrated Skirt, noted for its perfect grace and beauty, is sold at Steinheimer Bros',
New York Store,
oct6—d3t No. 39 Whitehall street.

The celebrated Joseph Kid Gloves in all colors, shades sizes, are for sale at the New York Store,
oct6—d3t No. 39 Whitehall street.

Ladies, if you wish to go to the Opera, to a Party, or to a Wedding, remember that Steinheimer Bros. New York Store is "the Place" to buy the requisite shades of colors in Kid Gloves for the occasion.

oct6—d3t No. 39 Whitehall street.

A good Residence on Walton street, near 1st Baptist Church, for rent. F. N. Chisolm.
oct4—d5t

Eiseman & Bro. have their workshop on the second floor of their building.
oct5-d2t

Phillips, Flanders & Co., have removed nearly opposite their old stand on Whitehall street, running through to Broad street, where they are opening a well assorted stock of Dry Goods. On Broad street they will keep a large stock of Groceries and Country Produce. oct3-d4t

Eiseman & Bro. receiving new additions to their already immense stock of Ready-made Clothing and Piece Goods for custom work. oct5-d2t

Where do you go to get your choice Family Groceries? Why, to Boyd & Brumby's, No. 13 Whitehall street. They keep everything nice. oct1-1w.

Fall Overcoats in fashionable shades from $10 to $35 at
oct5-d2t Eiseman & Bro.'s.

For Sale.—An elegant riding and driving Mare, 6 years old and sound. Inquire of L. B. Davis, opposite Constitution office.
oct5-d2t

Ice Cream, by the gallon or plate. Families and parties supplied. Lewis Goos, Collier Building.
may8—dtf

Bennie, my love, we are out of Flour, Coffee, Sugar and Pickels. Do get some today." "Well, Susie, dear, where shall I get them at?" Why, at Boyd & Brumby's, of course. oct1-6t.

Barber Shop.—George Davis & Mac Hill have opened a new Barber Shop, next to James' new Bank Block, on Whitehall street. They invite the patronage of the public Shaving 15 cents—first-class.
sep26—d1w

We are requested to advise the public that Wm. P. Hall, Esq., of Charleston, S. C., is expecting, at that port, a direct importation of Spanish Jacks, to arrive about November 1st. They are represented as being very superior. Persons wishing to secure one would do well to communicate with said gentleman. sep27—d2taw4w

Notice—Change of Business.—J. J. Neeman & Bro., have moved to the new brick store opposite the First M. E. Church, on Peachtree street, where they have opened a regular Flour and Feed Store; will also deal in all kinds of country produce. Thanking our old friends and customers for past favors in the family grocery business, we respectfully solicit a continuance of the same in our new business. We will keep all kinds of stock feed, mixed and straight, for sale, at wholesale and retail. Give us a call.
oct2-4t

Choice Family Groceries and supplies at Boyd & Brumby's, next door to the Live Drug Store. Goods delivered in the city free of charge. oct1-1w.

"My dear William Henry, don't fail to call at Boyd & Brumby's and order some of that choice Breakfast Bacon. They will send it home for you. And *don't* forget some preserves." oct1-1w.

Ice Cream.—R. G. Thompson is prepared, from this date, to supply families, parties and picnics, with Ice Cream, in any quantity, at reasonable prices. apr17-wed & sun-tf

Mission Sabbath School Song Books, containing each 100 popular songs and selections prepared expressly for Mission Schools Price Five Cents per Book.

Apply at The Constitution Office,
sep1-dtf W. A. Hemphill & Co.,

For the Summer.—I am now prepared to furnish regular meals at the usual hours. My Restaurant is fitted up for the summer campaign. R. G. Thompson.
apr17-wed & sun-tf

Atlanta Mineral Springs Cures.—*Mr. Sanders:* I had been suffering for five years with a very severe case of Dyspepsia. I commenced using the water of the Atlanta Mineral Springs—felt the beneficial effects of the water, and was entirely cured after its use twice a day for two months. I have since continued to drink it occasionally.

Yours, etc., Jas. Stewart,
Coweta County, Georgia.

Mr. Sanders: From long illness I was reduced to a skeleton—was generally debilitated—had no appetite, etc. I commenced using the Atlanta Mineral Spring water, and in less than a week commenced to improve; my appetite became better than ever, could eat and digest any kind of food, and soon gained flesh at the rate of three-fourths of a pound daily. J. M. Moore, M. D.,
Houston County, Georgia.

Mr. Sanders: I can and do cordially recommend the Atlanta Mineral Spring water, for the cure of Rheumatism. It is well to use it in bathing as well as drinking. I had had the disease for years and suffered excrutiatingly, and was entirely cured by this water, while every other remedy, that I had used, failed to do me any permanent good.

Yours truly, J. M. McCarthy.
Columbia, South Carolina.
july27-tf

Supreme Court Decisions.—Our pamphlet copies of the Decisions of the last term of the Supreme Court are now ready and are being sent out. Send in orders at once. This will insure the receipt of the Decisions at the earliest possible moment. Pamphlets, $1 00 per copy.

Old Papers! Old Papers!—For sale at Constitution Office in bundles of 100 copies each for convenience of customers. $1 per hundred. tf

Fall Announcement.—The flattering success of the past season has compelled us to extend our facilities in our Merchant Tailoring Department, in order to supply the increasing demand. The substantial support of a generous public has encouraged us to procure, at a large outlay, the services of one of the most experienced Cutters in the profession, who is assisted by a corps of first-class workmen which enables us to produce elegant garments at reasonable prices.

Eiseman & Bro.,
sep21-d&w 56 Whitehall street.

Announcements.

FOR ALDERMAN 1ST WARD.

At the solicitations of my friends, I announce myself as a candidate for Alderman in the First Ward, subject to the Democratic nomination.

oct 5-tdn* E. T. HUNNICUTT.

By request of many friends I announce myself as a candidate for Alderman in the First Ward, subject to the Democratic nomination.

oct5—dtn John P. Morris.

FOR ALDERMAN 5TH WARD.

Please announce the name of Frank P. Rice as a candidate for Alderman for the Fifth Ward, subject to the Democratic nomination.

oct5-tdn many voters.

FOR COMPTROLLER GENERAL.

Colonel Wm. J. Magill will be a candidate for election to the office of Comptroller General, subject to Democratic nomination. sep20-dtn

Thompson Allen, Esq., is a candidate for Comptroller General, subject to the control of the Democratic party. Election by General Assembly in January, 1873. sep7-dtd

Peachtree Water Mills Depot

REMOVED FROM

Forsyth Street to Broad,

Granite Block, Between Bridge and Marietta Street,

WHERE we will continue to keep select

Water-Ground Meal, Flour,

Far better than we formerly made. Boiled Grits, and a general supply of Stock Feed, Cotton Seed, Meal, Hay, etc.

oct3-d4w Moore & Moore.

To the Traveling Public.

I would most respectfully announce to my friends and the public generally that I have this day taken charge of

The H. I. Kimball House,

OF ATLANTA, GEORGIA,

and will endeavor to please all who may grace my table. My table shall be furnished with the best the New York, Savannah and Atlanta markets afford. My rooms speak for themselves.

My Bar will be stocked with the

Very Best of Liquors

that can be had.

Mr. Conway, formerly of the Pulaski House, Savannah, Ga., is my General Superintendent, and Major H. Frank Warren, Assistant, are so well known to the public as to at once guarantee comfort and gentlemanly treatment.

The Bar will be in charge of Mr. Dick Loyal, of Atlanta, and Mr. D. A. Pacetty, of Savannah, who will be most happy to wait on their old friends in their usual polite manner.

The charge of 25 cents per trunk into the house is discontinued.

Baggage checked in the house to all points.

W. M. Nicholls, Proprietor.
Atlanta, Ga., October 1st, 1872.—oct5-d1w

NOTICE.

I will turn over to E. P. Abbott, Esq., office on Whitehall street, all the notes and accounts of mine unpaid, after Saturday evening. Look out.

oct4—d3t W. W. Chapman.

NOTICE.

The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the style of

BOWIE & CHOLSTIN,

To carry on a General Commission and Produce business in this city, on Forsyth street, near the Capitol.

Jno. A. Bowie,
Louis Gholstin.
Atlanta, Ga., October 1st, 1872. oct4-d1w

OGLETHORPE UNIVERSITY,

Atlanta, Georgia.

The exercises of this institution will be resumed on the

1st Monday in October

and close on the

1st Wednesday in July, 1873.

Tuition $25 per annum—half in advance.
Board from $16 to $20 per month.
Tuition free to candidates for the Ministry in all denominations.
The Faculty is full and complete.
For further particulars address
Rev. David Wills, D. D.,
President.
John S. Wilson,
President Board of Trustees.
aug28-d3w*

O. A. SMITH,

MANUFACTURER OF

Felt, Cement and Gravel Roofing,

Concrete Paving, Dry and Tarred Sheathing Felt, and Roofing Materials constantly on hand. Office and Factory, Elliott street, rear of Gas Works.
aug28-dcm3m

BELL SCHNAPPS,

Distilled by the Proprietors

AT SCHIEDAM, HOLLAND.

AN INVIGORATING TONIC

AND MEDICINAL BEVERAGE.

Warranted perfectly pure, and free from all deleterious substances. It is distilled from Barley of the finest quality, and the Aromatic Juniper Berry of Italy, and highly improved for cases of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Impotency, Gout, Rheumatism, General Debility, Catarrh of the Bladder, Pains in the Back and Stomach, and all complaints of the Urinary Organs. It gives great relief in Asthma, Gravel, and Calculi in the Kidneys, and counteracts Intemperance. The special and last certain preventative and cure of that dreadful complaint, Fever and Ague.

CAUTION! Ask for "Hudson G. Wolfe's Bell Schnapps."

For sale by all respectable Grocers and Apothecaries.

Hudson G. Wolfe & Co., Sole Importers,
Office, 25 South William Street, New York.
aug24-cbmSmin&o

TO RENT,

THREE OR FOUR NICE COTTAGES.

Apply to J. A. GILLESPIE,
oct4—dtf Attorney.

TURNIP SEED.

Fresh and Genuine from best Eastern Growers.

A FULL STOCK,

NOW in store and to arrive, of Ruta Baga, white and yellow; Purple Top, strap leaf, Globe, Flat Dutche Globe, Flat Dutch, Cow Horn, and all other improved standard varieties, and selling at very lowest. Call and Price.

Now is the time to buy your supply—you will soon have to now.

The Fruit Season is also at hand, and those expecting to enjoy and save their fruit should be supplied with

Peach and Apple Parers, Cider Mills and Wine Presses.

I have on hand, 200 Celebrated Lightning PEACH PARERS, 200 Celebrated Lightning APPLE PARERS.

Two Cheese of the combined Apple Parer, Corer and Slicer.

Peach-season's Single Cider Mills and Presses, and a sufficient supply of Double Mills, for those who prefer to make cider on a large scale.

Descriptive price lists sent on application.

J. BEN WILSON,
(Successor to Echols and Wilson,
Broad street, by the Bridge, Atlanta, Ga.
july4—d12m

WILLIAM RICH & COMPANY,

WHOLESALE

NOTIONS, MILLINERY and FANCY GOODS,

Atlanta, Georgi

HAVE REMOVED TO CLARKE'S BUILDING, No. 15 DECATUR STREET, opposite The H. I. Kimball House, and are now fully prepared for the

FALL TRADE,

with one of the largest and best assorted Stocks of Goods in the South.

Merchants will promote their interests by examining our Stock and Prices before purchasing elsewhere.

N. B.—We are prepared to duplicate New York bills.

sep21-d&w1m WILLIAM RICH & CO.

GORMAN'S River Plantation FOR SALE.

18 Miles from Atlanta.

N. B. FOWLER, Auctioneer

In Douglass County.

1,248 ACRES.

640 Acres of Fine Bottom Land.

The balance Oak and Hickory—Well Timbered.

IT HAS BEEN SUBDIVIDED INTO

Four Farms.

No. 1—194 acres wood land—80 of which is Creek and River Bottom uncleared, and 111 Acres of River Bottom cleared. All of which will be sold as subdivided or as the purchaser may desire. A

New Grist Mill and Cotton Gin

is on this Farm. Also,

Two Tenement Houses,

one of 4 rooms and out buildings.

No. 2 contains 194 acres of woodland land, 130 acres of bottom land. On this is a

Frame Dwelling

of 8 rooms and out buildings, and two fine orchards.

No. 3 has 148 acres of wood land, cleared land 147 acres. On this is two tenement houses. On this, also, is a splendid

WATER POWER.

No. 4 has 154 acres of wood land, cleared land 105 acres. On this place are

Three Tenement Houses.

The above property will be

Sold in Atlanta,

—ON THE—

First Tuesday in November next,

AT AUCTION.

If parties desire they can effect a private sale of this property.

WE ALSO HAVE A

FARM IN CAMPBELL COUNTY

FOR SALE.

It consists of 450 acres, 150 acres of Creek bottom, balance well timbered. On it is a good Frame Dwelling and out buildings.

Terms—One-half cash; balance in 12 months.

Map can be seen at Rodgers & Fox's, Atlanta, Ga. (Surveyed by D. T. Mining.

A. S. & James M. Gorman,
Proprietors.

References—Wallace & Fowler, W. J. Garrett, Gen. A. Austell, M. G. Dobbins.

sep21-d1m

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between us, the undersigned, Andrew Low, John Wood and John David Hopkins, as Commission Merchants, at Liverpool, in England, under the firm of Isaac Low & Co., and at Savannah, in the State of Georgia, under the firm of Andrew Low & Co., was this day dissolved by mutual consent, so far as regar's the said Andrew Low.

Andrew Low,
John Wood,
John D. Hopkins.

Dated this 31st day of August, 1872.

Mr. Andrew Low, as above announced, having retired from the firm of Messrs. Isaac Low & Co., of Liverpool, the business of that firm will be continued as heretofore, under the same firm name, by the remaining parties, viz: John Wood and John D. Hopkins, with James Torrance Wood, who is this day admitted as a partner.

John Wood,
John D. Hopkins,
John T. Wood.

Limited Copartnership Notice.

We, the undersigned, have this day entered into a limited Copartnership, under the laws of Georgia, to do business at Savannah, Ga., under the firm name of Hopkins & Wood.

The general nature of the business to be transacted is that of Commission Merchants.

John D. Hopkins, of Savannah, Ga., John Wood and James Torrance Wood, of Liverpool, England, are General Partners, and Andrew Low, of Savannah, Ga., is Special Partner.

Said copartnership business commenced on September 1st, 1872, and terminates August 31st, 1873. Andrew Low, as such special partner, has paid into the common stock of the firm one hundred thousand dollars in gold.

John D. Hopkins,
Savannah, Georgia.
John Wood,
James Torrance Wood,
Liverpool, England.
Andrew Low,
Savannah, Georgia.

Dated this 1st day of September, 1872.
sep1-d3w

FRESH NORFOLK OYSTERS

R. B. SIBLEY, Oyster Packer,

NORFOLK, VA.

Oysters put up in any way or quantity ordered, and at the lowest prices. Orders solicited and promptly attended to. sep13—d3m

Tommy, Stewart & Beck,

HARDWARE MERCHANTS,

Atlanta, Ga.,

Are now opening a large and well selected stock of Hardware in their New Store, Corner Pryor and Decatur Streets, opposite Kimball House.

Manufacturer's Agents and Dealers in all kinds of

HARDWARE, IRON, STEEL, CUTLERY, Tools of all kinds, Builders' and Carriage Material; Agents for

BURT'S SHINGLE MACHINES,
Sycamore Power Company's Rifle and Blasting Powder,
Mill Stones and Bolting Cloths, Proprietors of the Brooks' Cotton and Hay Screw Press

☞ We are doing a Wholesale Business, and always keep on hand an ample Stock to supply Retail Merchants and Contractors. sep25-d3m

EQUITABLE

LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF THE UNITED STATES.

WM. C. ALEXANDER, President.

HENRY K. HYDE, JAMES W. ALEXANDER, Vice Presidents

Purely Mutual—Dividends Annual

NO RESTRICTION ON TRAVEL.

Cash Assets, $18,000,000. Annual Income, $8,000,000.

NEW BUSINESS IN 18[illegible] AND 1871,
Larger than that of any other Company in the World!
NEW BUSINESS IN 1872:

One Million Dollars a Month

More than for same period last year!

Its assets are invested in the most solid securities—

Real Estate in New York	$ 2,500,000	Cash in Bank	$1,500,000
Mortgages on Real Estate	10,000,000	United States Bonds	1,500,000

On all which your Policy is a Mortgage!!

The Dividends for 1872, will be nearly $1,000,000.

E. PLATT, General Agent,
july3—dtm No. 1 Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga.

GREELEY AND GRANT

Are dividing the Radical party, and a good deal is said about the

KU-KLUX BILL.

—BUT—

STEPHENS & FLYNN

FORSYTH STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

ARE FOLLOWING THE GOOD OLD

Democratic Plan

Of doing the greatest amount of good to the greatest number of people, by building up

SOUTHERN TRADE.

And are now offering to the Merchants and Planters,

4,000 bags Yellow Corn,	100 barrels Rye Flour,
2,000 bags Mixed Corn,	Bacon, Lard, S. C. Hams,
2,500 bags Choice White Corn,	50 barrels Whisky,
4,000 bushels Choice Oats,	20 barrels Pure Apple Vinegar,
200 bales Western Hay,	250 bags Virginia Salt,
500 barrels Flour—assorted brands,	250 boxes Starch—best brands,
100 barrels Hydraulic Cement.	

ARE AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF

"THE HOWARD LIME."

Which is acknowledged to be the very best that is made in the State, and will supply Contractors and Dealers at LOWEST PRICES.

Country Produce.

Butter, Eggs, Feathers, Fruits, etc.

Fresh Corn Meal Received Daily.

We are prepared to handle 250,000 BUSHELS WHEAT, and invite Consignments, which shall have our best attention.

STEPHENS & FLYNN,
Atlanta, Georgia, June 9, 1873.—dtf General Commission Merchants.
nov—

THE ATLANTIC COAST LINE PASSENGER ROUTE.

RE-ORGANIZED FOR THE SUMMER OF 1872.

DOUBLE DAILY ALL RAIL CONNECTION

—VIA—

AUGUSTA, WILMINGTON, RICHMOND

AN ADDITIONAL DAILY CONNECTION VIA

AUGUSTA, WILMINGTON AND PORTSMOUTH,

—AND THE—

Magnificent Bay Line Steamers.

The equipment of the route of this Line is first-class

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars are Upon all Night Trains.

DOUBLE DAILY SCHEDULES are operated upon the entire route, from New Orleans and all main terminal points in Alabama and Georgia.

By taking morning train out of Savannah, Macon and Atlanta, passengers connect with the both P. M. train out of Augusta, and can choose between all the rail connections via Richmond, or the route up Chesapeake Bay, having, in the latter case,

But One Night of Railway Travel,

and the second night enjoy the luxurious accommodations of the Steamers of that Line.

Passengers going via Bay Line should leave Atlanta on Morning Trains. The Dalton route—all rail—has two nights rail travel, so has their Bay Line route, while we have only one.

THROUGH TICKETS to all prominent points on sale by both routes to all terminal points South. Also, full line of Virginia Springs and Excursion Tickets to attractive Summer Resorts.

For Time Schedules, Price Lists, and all desirable information, apply to the following named agents of the line:

A. P. Butler, Agent; M. J. O'Connor, Traveling Agent, Augusta; A. C. Ladd, Agent, Atlanta; Ben Mock, Southern Agent, Montgomery, Alabama.

A. Pope,
'4—dtf General Passenger Agent.

THE STATE FAIR!

$40,000 in Cash Premiums

Will be Distributed among 25,000 Ticket-Holders at

The October State Fair,

IN NASHVILLE.

538 Prizes will be Awarded!

PREMIUMS.

1 First Grand Cash Premium		$15,000
1 Second Grand Cash Premium		10,000
1 Cash Premium		5,000
1 Cash Premium		3,000
1 Cash Premium		1,000
1 Cash Premium		500
1 Cash Premium		300
1 Cash Premium		200
10 Cash Premiums,	$100 each, is	1,000
20 Cash Premiums,	50 each, is	1,000
500 Cash Premiums,	20 each, is	1,000
750 Cash Premiums,	10 each, is	1,500
300 Cash Premiums,	5 each, is	1,500
538 Premiums		$40,000

The above distribution will take place at the Fair Grounds, on FRIDAY, October 11, 1872, in the presence of everybody attending the Fair that day.

Tickets Only Three Dollars.

A Season Ticket for $3 secures admission to the Fair for the whole week, and also to a chance in the Drawing.

It is not necessary for a person to attend the Fair to participate in the Drawing.

The Fair will commence October 7, instead of September 30, as heretofore announced, and the Distribution will be on the 11th instead of the 4th. This change is made on account of the meeting of the Blood Horse Association, which commences September 30.

Tickets bearing date September 30 to October 5, will be good during the week commencing Oct. 7.

For Tickets and information apply to

J. C. McCORRY,
General Agent for the Sale of Tickets,
43 Cedar Street, Nashville, Tenn.
Or to PHILLIPS & CREW,
Atlanta, Ga.
sep7—d1m

SOUTHERN TERRA COTTA WORKS.

The undersigned have their works in full operation and are now prepared to receive orders for all kinds of

TERRA COTTA WORK

The Daily Constitution.

Religious Department.

"GOD IS LOVE."

God is love, the Bible says,
Mercy governs all His ways;
Great and awful though He be,
Greater is His clemency.
Every page His goodness shows,
Every line with kindness glows,
Every law and promise pure—
Glorious knowledge!—God is love.

God is love, all nature cries;
Lend the echo wakes the skies,
Hill and valley, rock and plain,
Raise the gladdening song again.
God is love, the ocean roars,
Tumbling on a thousand shores;
All around, beneath, above,
Swell the chorus—God is love.

God is love, the warbler sing,
Soaring on exulting wing;
Mortals, lay aside your care,
God will all your burdens bear.
Think no more of want and sorrow,
Who feeds ye-day, will feed to-morrow;
Learn from us, He kindness proves,
And join the chorus—God is love.

God is love, each flower cries,
With o'erflowing dewy eyes,
Tends my wants from day to day,
Warms me with the sunny ray;
Feeds me with refreshing rain,
Cheers my failing strength again;
Let such care to praises move,
And join the anthem—God is love.

God is love, my comforts say,
Every hour and every day;
Food and knowledge, friends and home,
All from my Creator come;
Blessings I each hour receive,
On His bounty still I live,
By His care I breathe and move;
My soul, forget not—God is love.

God is love: lo, Calvary's hill
Deeper love develops still;
See th' incarnate Son of God
Sheds for man His precious blood,
Hell to conquer, death to slay,
All our sins to cleanse away:
Here its fullest truth we prove—
Glorious knowledge!—God is love.

Miscellaneous Religious Items.

Rev. Peter Cartwright, who died recently at Pleasant Plains, Sangamon county, Ill., was one of the oldest Methodist preachers in America, being 87 years at the time of his death. The Rev. Dr. Lovick Pierce of this State was a cotemporary and co-laborer in the great Methodist family, and nearly the same age of Rev. Peter Cartwright.

Chicago has 161 churches, and 40 missions, in many of which are held regular services.

The average salaries of 18 pastors in North Carolina, last year, amounted to $125 a year.

A Russian colony of M Mennointes are settling in Nebraska. Their religious faith is something between the Baptist and the Quaker.

During the past year the Presbyterians gave $50,081; the Baptist $49,000; the Episcapalians $15,000; and the Methodist $57,568 to the Freeman's Aid Societies, for the education of the colored people South.)

Piere Hyacinthe was lately treated to a handsome vacarious funeral, by his amiable ex-associates of the Dominician order in honor of his marriage.

Sir Henry Thompson, the extinguished English Surgeon, is said to be the author of the proposal to test the therapeutic efficacy of prayer in hospitals.

UNITARIAN CHURCH ITEMS.

The National Conference of the United States meets in Boston on the 22d inst.

The amount contributed by this church during the last year in the West, was $90,000.

Rev. Dr. Furness, has been pastor of the only Unitarian Church in Philadelphia, for nearly fifty years.

CATHOLIC CHURCH ITEMS.

The Roman Catholic Bishops have just concluded their annual meeting, which was held at Quebec.

The new Roman Catholic Cathedral to be erected in Newark, New Jersey, will cost over $1,000,000, and the bishop's house $250,000.

The Fourth Annual Convention of the Irish Catholic Benevolent Union, meets in Boston, October 16th.

The Archbishop of Cincinnati is in his 72d year He is as vigorous and active as he was twenty years ago.

The annual convention of the National Catholic Temperance Union will be held in Cleveland, Ohio, on the 10th instant.

The Roman Catholic Church in St. Louis, is said to own $17,000,000 worth of property for religious and educational purposes. They have one University, several colleges, academies, and female seminaries, and are educating 10,000 scholars yearly.

The Pope has appointed Rev Mr. Vaughan to be Bishop of Salford, England.

Archbishop Bayley, having been elevated in ecclesiastical dignity and office and appointed to the See of Baltimore, on Sunday preached his farewell sermon at the laying of the corner stone of St. Michael's Church, Jersey City.

Last Tuesday was the Festival of the Rosary of the Catholic Church. It was the 1st of October, and is celebrated in commemoration of the victory of the Christians over the Turks at Sepanto and other places.

EPISCOPAL CHURCH ITEMS.

The Episcopalians have eight parishes in New Orleans, all alive and growing.

The late Rev. S. C. Greene left his library, valued at $20,000, to the Episcopal Divinity School at Cambridge.

The Episcopal Bishop of Nebraska has built thirty-two churches in six years.

There is a movement on foot to found a house for infirm Episcopal clergymen near the City of New York. One hundred thousand dollars have already been subscribed.

The Episcopalians of New York have decided to build a cathedral for the Diocese that shall surpass in size and expense the Roman Catholic Cathedral on Fifth Avenue.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH ITEMS.

In the Reformed Presbyterian Church, near Bloomington, Ind., composed of about eighty members, the financial plan is for each to give a tenth of his income. The money is thrown into baskets on Sabbath morning. No account is kept of the accounts given by each. But of this sum the salary of the preacher is met, the current expenses are paid, and a contribution is made to each benevolent cause.

Rev. Dr. John Smith celebrates his third anniversary of his pastorate over the Fourth Presbyterian Church of Washington, D. C. 1,242 members have been added to the church under his pastorage.

New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania are the strong holds of Presbyterianism.

Rev. Dr. McVicar, of Montreal, has been called to one of the Brooklyn Presbyterian churches.

FOREIGN RELIGIOUS ITEMS.

The Presbyterian Church of South Australia has lost her oldest minister, the Rev. Ralph Drummond; he was in the 80th year of his age.

Rev. Mr. Knapp, who has been laboring for two years as a Baptist missionary in Spain, reports a membership of one hundred and fifty, most of them in the city of Madrid.

A Paris paper says that Pere Hyacinthe proposes going to New Caledonia to establish a church after his own heart among the political exiles of that penal colony.

The circulation of the Scriptures in Madagascar during the year 1871, of Bibles, Testaments and copies of the Psalms, amounted to a total of 23,153 copies.

The number of native Protestant christians in Indiana Bumah, and Ceylon is estimated at 300,000.

BAPTIST CHURCH ITEMS.

Rev. John Tecumseh Jones, an Ottawa Indian, recently died, leaving $60,000 to the cause of Baptist ministerial education in the State of Kansas.

The Second Baptist Church of Chicago has a membership of 1,200.

The corner-stone of the first Baptist chapel ever erected in Paris was laid August 20, 1872.

Bostonian Baptists are making great preparations for the reception of the Rev. Hugh Stowell Brown, from England.

The Religious Herald says that Rev. J. A. Chamblias accepts the care of the Citadel Church. (Dr. Winkler's.)

Two Baptist ministers, of Indian birth who have done much for their tribes in the Southwest, are dead, Rev. Evan Jones, of Cherokee Nation, and Rev. John Jones, of Ottawa, Kansas.

METHODIST CHURCH ITEMS.

The Raleigh Sentinel learns that there have been at least ninety conversions in the Methodist church in that place during the revival meetings progressing there.

Rev. Thomas Stroubridge, of Chicago, has been requested to go to Japan as the first missionary of the Methodist.

Robert Stockwell, a Methodist layman of Lafayette, Ind., who endowed the chair of the Greek language in Asbury Institute with $35,000, has just given an equal sum to the college.

At a recent meeting of conference of Northwest Indiana, a motion was passed that the sense of the meeting should be held in the most wicked and most neglected neighborhood within the bounds of the conference.

At the recent meeting of the Detroit conference money was raised to pay a church debt. One young man gave his watch and one hundred dollars. The watch was brought into the audience, and Dowd Presbrn raised four hundred dollars to redeem the watch, and so returned it to the owner. The young man declined receiving it saying he had given it to the Lord and could not take it back.

Leading Notices.

DR TUTT'S LIVER PILLS require no change of diet or occupation; produce no griping. They contain no drastic element.
oct1-deod1w&wlt.

LASTING LOVELINESS.—Twenty years ago when paint, pearl powder and enamel, were ruining the complexions and destroying the health of women of fashion, Hagan's Magnolia Balm was brought out as a pure botanical cosmetic, guaranteed to restore bloom and beauty to the skin. From that time to the present it has been continually rising in public estimation as the safest and most unexceptionable preparation of its class. Instead of producing an artificial, metallic surface, like the deadly enamels, or wilting the cuticle like the poisonous fluids sold under various names as "beautifiers," it keeps the skin as soft as velvet, renders it as smooth and glossy as satin, and imparts to it that delicate, rosy tinge, which is the *beau ideal* of complexional loveliness. This exquisite chromatic effect is not transient. By applying the Balm daily it may be prolonged from youth to age. A lady who purchased the first bottle of the article nineteen years ago, writes to say that her complexion at forty is "purer, clearer and more brilliant than it has ever been;" and she attributes its beauty solely to the daily use of Hagan's Magnolia Balm. oct1-deod1w&wlt.

NATURAL DECAY—PROTEST THE SYSTEM. The human body is a machine, and therefore cannot endure forever; but, like a watch or a sewing machine, it will last much longer if properly regulated and duly repaired, than if no pains were taken to keep it in order. The great object of every one who desires a long and healthy life should be to put his body in a condition to resist the life-threatening influences by which we are all more or less surrounded; and no invigorant and corrective at present known so effectively answers this purpose as the vitalizing elixir which, under the unpretending name of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, has been for more than twenty years the standard tonic of America. In crowded cities, where the atmosphere is contaminated with the effluvia inseparable from large populations; in marshy regions, where the soggy soil reeks with miasma; on the prairies and in the forests, where every fall the air is tainted with exhalations from rotting weeds and grasses, or decomposing leaves—in short, in every locality where malaria exists, this powerful vegetable antidote is urgently needed. Fever and ague, bilious fevers, dysentery, congestion of the liver, jaundice, rheumatism, and all diseases which are generated by infected air, impure water, or sudden changes of temperature, may be averted by strengthening and regulating the system in advance with Hostetter's Bitters. Autumn is always a season of peril, especially to weak, susceptible organizations. Even the more vigorous are apt to be in some measure depressed by the humid atmosphere, loaded with deleterious gases produced by vegetable decay. The fall is a period of the year when the renovation and regulation of the living machine is peculiarly important, and the Bitters should therefore be taken daily at this critical season.
oct1-deod1w&wlt.

BLESSINGS brighten as they take their flight. The chief of blessings is good health, without which nothing is worth the having; it is always appreciated at its true value after it is lost, but too often not before. Live properly, and correct ailments before they become seated. For diseases of the liver, kidneys, skin, stomach, and all arising from impure or feeble blood, DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS are a sure and speedy remedy. It has never yet failed in a single instance. sep18—d&w4w

BACHELORS' HAIR DYE.—This superb **Hair Dye is the best** in the world—perfect; harmless, reliable and instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints or disagreeable odor. The genuine Wm. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye produces immediately a splendid black or natural brown, leaves the hair clean, soft, beautiful; does not contain a particle of lead or any injurious compound. Sold by all druggists. Factory, 16 BOND STREET, New York oct3—dly

Take Notice!

REMOVAL.

AFTER October 1st, I will remove to No. 3 DeGive's Opera House Block, Marietta street, where I trust to see all my old customers and many new ones.

Agricultural Implements, Seeds and Guano.

Send 25 cents for the handsomest and most extensive Illustrated Catalogue ever published in the South Money will be refunded to all who purchase goods amounting to Ten Dollars.

MARK W. JOHNSON,
DeGive's Opera House Block,
Marietta st.
After October 1st, 1872.
sep19— july3 - dtf

SIDEWALKS! SIDEWALKS

STONE Sidewalks put down of any shape and size, at 15' 20 and 25 cents per square foot according to thickness, by the

Atlanta Composition Stone Co.,

Office Franklin & Eichberg's Store, No. 14 Whitehall.
sept22—d2w

THE

"DOMESTIC"

"BEST TO USE."
"EASIEST TO SELL."

S. M. Agents:
If don't pay you to fight the best machine; prove our claims; get the agency and sell it. Address
"DOMESTIC" S. M. Co. 96 Chambers St., N. Y.
No. 4 DeGive's Opera House Block, Marietta street, Atlanta, Georgia.

We have several of the late Improved Wheeler & Wilson, Singer, Howe, Weed and Florence Machines, that we have taken in exchange at a low price, for sale very cheap. aug28-dawlm

Greeley or Grant

IF EITHER IS ELECTED

EVERY PERSON IN THE STATE

will want to get into some business that they can

MAKE A HANDSOME THING OF.

WE have two articles of our own invention and patent that is needed in every household, and must with ready sale—both paying large profits—for which we wish to sell territory. We have all the territory of the United States to sell or exchange for good real estate, except the States of Michigan, Illinois, Ohio, Indiana, Alabama and three counties in the State of Georgia.

One of our inventions and patents is a Peach Stoner and Halver. With this machine, one hand can do the work of six or eight hands, and at the same time increasing the value of the fruit 25 to 50 per cent. when dried, as it cuts the peach in strictly halves and thereby prevents worms from getting in the dried fruit.

Men, in selling the machines, can make very easily if a good salesman from FIVE TO FIFTY DOLLARS per day, clear of all expense.

Having been a cotton planter, and being fond of farming, I would exchange the right to one or both articles for a specified amount of territory for a good plantation, with or without stock and provisions, in South Georgia or Middle Florida.

Call at my office on Marietta street, or address,
DR. J. S. WILSON,
P. O. Box 545, Atlanta, Ga.
sept20-d1f

FOR SALE,

A FAMILY GROCERY AND CONFECTIONARY STAND stock and Fixtures, also, a neat Saloon and Restaurant in a handsomely fitted house, in one of the best locations in the city. Also, a furnished room for a small family, on the same floor. All will be sold at a great sacrifice. In addition a few years lease. Will sell the whole for $600. Good reasons given for selling. For particulars address P. P., Post Office, stating where an interview may be had. Rent very low. sep25—d2t

AGENTS WANTED.

The Master Spirits of the World,

—AND—

THE TREASURE HOUSE OF AMERICA.

THE GREAT BOOK OF THE YEAR.

AGENTS report sales of 25 to 100 copies in a few hours or days. Pamphlets Free. Address J. C. GOODSPEED, New York, Chicago, Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans. sep26—3t;w2t;d4wly

Railroads.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

Georgia Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta	8.00 o'clock, A. M
Leaves Atlanta	5 15 P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	6.40 " P. M
Arrives at Augusta	5.55 " A. M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta	6.30 " P. M
Leaves Atlanta	5.00 " P. M
Arrives at Atlanta	6.45 " A. M
Arrives at Augusta	6.50 " A. M

Accommodation Train.

Leaves Atlanta	5 45 P. M
Leaves Stone Mountain	6 45 A. M
Arrives Atlanta	8 00 A. M
Arrives Stone Mountain	7 P. M

Macon and Western Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER—DAILY, SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.

Leaves Atlanta	9:00 A M
Leaves Macon	8:50 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	3:15 P M
Arrives at Macon	7:30 A M

NIGHT PASSENGER—DAILY.

Leaves Atlanta	4:00 P M
Leaves Macon	10:00 P M
Arrives at Atlanta	6:05 P M
Arrives at Macon	3:30 P M

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leaves Atlanta	10:00 P. M
Arrives at Chattanooga	5:05 A. M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leaves Atlanta	8:30 A. M
Arrives at Chattanooga	3:50 P. M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Chattanooga	6:45 P M
Arrives at Atlanta	12 30 A. M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Chattanooga	4:15 A. M
Arrives at Atlanta	1:10 P. M

FAST LINE TO NEW YORK.

Leaves Atlanta	5:00 P. M
Arrives at Dalton	10:00 P. M

For Savannah via Macon and Western and Macon and Brunswick Railroad.

Leave Atlanta at	5:00 P. M.
Connect with the Macon and Brunswick Railroad at Macon at	6:30 P. M.
Arrive at Savannah	8:35 A. M.

Schedule of Rome Railroad.

DAY TRAIN.

Leave Rome	7:15 A. M.
Arrive at Kingston	8:30 A. M.
Leave Kingston	9:00 A. M
Arrive at Rome	10:20 A. M.

NIGHT TRAIN.

Leave Rome	8:30 P. M.
Arrive at Kingston	10:50 P. M.
Leave Kingston	11:20 P. M.
Arrive at Rome	2:05 P. M.

St. Louis, Memphis, Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad Line.

TIME CARD, SEPTEMBER 1, 1872.

Leave Atlanta	8:30 A M.	9:30 P M
Arrive at Chattanooga	4:27 P M.	5:25 A M
Arrive Nashville	12:50 A M.	1:05 P M
Arrive McKenzie	8:30 A M.	8:30 P M
Arrive Memphis	2:10 P M.	2:35 A M
Arrive Little Rock		12:01 A M
Arrive Hickman	12:30 P M.	12:01 A M
Arrive Union City	10:30 A M	10:30 P M
Arrive Columbus	12:00 noon	12:00 m d t
Arrive St. Louis	10:15 P M	9:50 A M
Arrive Louisville	8:40 A M	7:30 P M

ALBERT B. WILKINS,
Southeast Agent,
Atlanta, Ga.

Savannah, Griffin and North Alabama Railroad.

Leaves Griffin	1 05 P M
Arrives at Newnan	3 05 P M
Leaves Newnan	7 05 A M
Arrives at Griffin	9 47 A M
Connects at Griffin with Macon and Western Railroad.	

Atlanta and West Point Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—(Outward.)

Leaves Atlanta	7 15 A M
Arrives at West Point	11 42 A M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—(Inward.)

Leaves West Point	3 25 P M
Arrives at Atlanta	7 50 P M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—(Outward.)

Leaves Atlanta	7 05 P M
Arrives at West Point	11 09 P M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—(Inward)

Leaves West Point	1 10 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	5 50 A M

Air-Line Railroad.

Leave Atlanta	6 00 A M
Arrive at End of Track	11 32 A M
Leaves End of Track	2 00 P M
Arrive at Atlanta	7 27 P M

The Great Southern

PASSENGER AND MAIL

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To Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

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CONNECTIONS by THIS LINE are most certain and sure at all seasons.

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The Quickest Time and Sure Connection made by this Route.

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ALL NIGHT TRAINS LEAVING ATLANTA BY THIS ROUTE.

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The Charleston Steamships

Offer every inducement to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed and Comfort are

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MONTGOMERY, WEST POINT AND ATLANTA
TO
NEW YORK VIA CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

S. K. JOHNSON, Superintendent,
J. A. ROBERT, General Ticket Agent.
jan24—dtf

J. W. HIGHTOWER.

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE,

Griffin, Georgia,

LER & HIGHTOWER, Prop'tors

PERSONS visiting the Indian Springs, during the summer, will find it to their interest to call on us, in the way of the most pleasant route.

BETTER TURNOUTS,

Careful Drivers and Quicker Time. We are prepared to furnish anything in the Livery line, at the shortest notice and reasonable terms.
ap17ly—dtf

THE KENNESAW HOUSE,

MARIETTA, GEORGIA.

HAS still Forty Rooms left, (neatly furnished) for Summer Visitors, for whom every accommodation will be provided, as also Hops and amusements.

FLETCHER & PRATER, Proprietors.
W. E. OLDS, Assistant.
june12—dtf

Divorced.

MY FRIENDS and former patrons will please recollect that I am not now in any way connected with the Plantation Publishing Company, but am employed by W. A. Hemphill & Co., to run their BINDERY. THE CONSTITUTION OFFICE is well adapted to do all kinds of work in the Binding or Printing line, and I shall be glad to have the favors of my friends to follow me.

aug17-dtf WM. R. HANLEITER.

M. N. ROGERS. W. B. GRUBBS

M. N. ROGERS & CO.,

(Successors to Rogers, Morgan & Grubbs.)

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—OF—

Men's, Boy's and Youths' CLOTHING,

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DEALERS are invited to inspect our stock. Our TRADE is confined to the COTTON STATES, our Goods are especially adapted to the wants of the Southern people.

MR. W. T. BURCH, late Marshall & Burch, Charleston, S. C., is connected with us, will be glad to see his former patrons and friends.

Orders solicited. We give them who favor us with their orders the right to return goods not satisfactory at our expense. july31—d3m

THE McAFEE HOUSE,

At Smithville, Georgia,

IS KEPT in the most elegant style. The outward trains from Macon dine at Smithville, and the traveling public will find at this House first-class accommodations. Give him a call. june6—dtf

FAIRBURN HOTEL,

DR MRS. E. McLARIN,

Fairburn.....Georgia.

$2 Board per Day $2.

THE Morning Trains from Atlanta to West Point, Georgia, Breakfast at this House. Those taking breakfast daily. may18—dtf

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BY GEORGE C. HEARD.

THIS House has been recently thoroughly renovated and refurnished. The tables always supplied with the best the market affords. Porters will be found at the Depot on every arrival of the Trains to take charge of baggage. feb2-dtf

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Corner Broad and Bridge Streets,

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J. C. RAWLINS, Proprietor.

Situated in the business part of the city. Passengers taken to and from the Depot FREE OF CHARGE.

dec4-tf LEON A. CAMP, Clerk.

NEW HOTEL,

PALMETTO, - - GEORGIA.

W. Jackson House

Is now open to the Traveling Public.

jan15-dtf W. JACKSON, Proprietor.

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BY E. MAJORS,

TRENTON.....GEORGIA.

He pledges himself his house will be kept in first rate style, and on moderate terms. mar31-dtf

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AND

LIVERY STABLE,

SOCIAL CIRCLE, GA.

Rates of Board:

Single Meal	50 cents	Per Day	$1 00
Per Week	$5 00	Per Month	20 00

Livery Stable Charges at Corresponding Rates.
STERLING ECKLES, Proprietor.
june6-dtf

EXCHANGE HOTEL,

BY WILLIAM J. SIBERT,

(Near the Court House and Depot)

GAINESBORO.....ALABAMA.

Guests will find everything new and neat. Servants attentive. Terms—$3 00 per day single meals fifty cents. nov13-dtf

TIBBS HOUSE,

Dalton, Ga.

L. B. STONE. J. B. WIMBERLY.
dec6-dtf

SENOIA HOTEL,

SENOIA, GEORGIA,

W. R. STILLWELL, Proprietor

may18-dtf

JOHNSON HOUSE,

BY MRS. DR. JOHNSON.

JACKSON.....GEORGIA

June15-dtf

BACON HOUSE,

LEXINGTON.....GEORGIA

JOHN W. BACON, Proprietor.

A REGULAR Two-Horse Hack will attend every day, to convey passengers from the Railroad to and from Lexington, Ga. sep11-dtf

GLOBE HOTEL,

LAWRENCEVILLE, GA.,

HAS ample room for the accommodation of families.

Travelers will find at this House a regular

OLD VIRGINIA WELCOME,

And board as cheap as could be asked for.

The House has been refitted and improved, and will compare with the best.

Good water here, and a fine, healthy climate, unsurpassed in North Georgia.

I have also a Livery Stable attached. Horses and buggies can be had on reasonable terms.

june6-dtf W. J. BORN, Proprietor.

Pratt House,

(Formerly Brown House.)

Cuthbert.....Georgia.

T. J. PRATT, Proprietor.

HACKS in attendance upon all trains, and no pains spared to make guests comfortable. march5—dtf

Wayside House,

RINGGOLD, GEORGIA,

IS now open for the reception of guests together with transportation to Catoosa Springs and all other accessible places of note, at reasonable prices. All pains will be taken to render guests comfortable by

A. J. HEALAN & LADY.
feb20—dtf

SASSEEN HOUSE,

(Formerly United States Hotel)

CORNER ALABAMA AND PRYOR STREETS

Atlanta, Georgia.

E. R. SASSEEN, Agent.....Proprietor

☞ Terms—Transient Boarders, per day, $2. Single meal and lodging, 50 cents. sep26-dtf

Thomaston Hotel,

Thomaston.....Georgia.

THE undersigned having taken charge of the above Hotel, takes pleasure in announcing to the public that no effort will be spared to make it a first class Hotel, and every effort will be made to give satisfaction to all who will favor him their patronage. Rates reasonable.

sep10-dtf H. T. JENNINGS, Proprietor.

BARLOW HOUSE,

AMERICUS, GEORGIA,

WILEY JONES.....Proprietor.

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. The proprietor flatters himself, from his long experience in the business, that he can and will give general satisfaction. The house is kept open from 4 A. M. to 9 P. M. The Omnibus meets all night trains, and attentive porters are at the depot for the house. sep15—dtf

Madison House,

MADISON, GEORGIA.

TRAVELERS, Invalids and families will find this one of the best hotels in the South. Porters at all the trains who will take care of baggage. Terms reasonable. FISH & BURDAN,
sept3—dtf Proprietors.

CONYERS HOTEL,

By D. P. SMITH,

(Successor to E. Thom.)

THIS HOUSE is within one hundred yards of the Railroad, has been thoroughly renovated and supplied with new furniture. Give him a call and I guarantee to give entire satisfaction.

THE PYE HOUSE,

(NEW HOTEL.)

Forsyth, Georgia,

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Board per Day, $3 00; Day Board, $10 00; Board and Lodging $25 00. may5-dtf

McDowell House,

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